		4200
1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK	
2	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	: 19-CR-00286(AMD) :
4 5	-against-	: United States Courthouse Brooklyn, New York
6		: : September 22, 2021 : 9:30 a.m.
7	ROBERT SYLVESTER KELLY,	:
8	Defendant. X	:
9	TRANSCRIPT OF CRI	MINAL CAUSE FOR TRIAL
10	BEFORE THE HONOR	ABLE ANN M. DONNELLY ES DISTRICT JUDGE
11	01125 0	20 220111201 00202
12	APPE	ARANCES:
13		QUELYN M. KASULIS, ESQ.
14	Act ⁻	ing United States Attorney tern District of New York
15	271	Cadman Plaza East oklyn, New York 11201
16	BY:	
17 18		MARIA E. CRUZ MELENDEZ, ESQ. NADIA SHIHATA, ESQ. Assistant United States Attorneys
19	For the Defendant: DEVI	EREAUX LEON CANNICK, ESQ.
20	CAL	VIN HAROLD SCHOLAR, ESQ. DLE BLANK BECKER, ESQ.
21		MAS A. FARINELLA, ESQ.
22		ISE PARISI, RPR, CRR Cadman Plaza Fast
23	225 Cadman Plaza East Brooklyn, New York 11201 Telephone: (718) 613-2605	
24		ail: DeniseParisi72@gmail.com
25	Proceedings recorded by compu produced by Computer-aided Tr	

	Proceedings 4201
1	(In open court; jury not present.)
2	THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: All rise.
3	THE COURT: Everybody can have a seat.
4	Okay. Just a few things before we start. I got
5	Mr. Scholar's submissions on the jury charge and also in
6	response to the Government's application to admit Mr. Smith's
7	grand jury testimony. I think that the hang up here is which
8	statute was in existence at the time the Government is talking
9	about. I think that's what's changed. What Mr. Scholar
10	requests, I don't think, was in the statute at the time that
11	we're talking about.
12	So do you want to double-check that, Mr. Scholar?
13	MR. SCHOLAR: I will, Judge.
14	THE COURT: Okay. But I'm pretty sure that's
15	correct.
16	With respect to the application to admit the grand
17	jury testimony, I'm denying that application. I don't really
18	even think the testimony is inconsistent, which is one of the
19	requirements; and the cases that permit this, as well as the
20	rule, require that it be inconsistent
21	MS. CRUZ MELENDEZ: Your Honor?
22	THE COURT: so I'm not permitting it, and I don't
23	want to discuss it anymore.
24	Okay. So what else do we have to discuss this
25	morning?

Proceedings 4202
MR. CANNICK: Your Honor, we would like to make
further argument on the requested charge. Mr. Farinella has
some more authority for the Court's consideration.
THE COURT: On what topic?
MR. FARINELLA: Your Honor, the email that the
Government had sent with regard to the additional language.
THE COURT: What language? It's a very long charge.
MR. FARINELLA: Well, there was an email sent by the
Government on Tuesday, September 21st, with regard to the
enterprise and adding additional language to the jury charge
to include additional language on the jury's instructions with
regard to the definition of enterprise.
THE COURT: Okay. Do you object to that?
MR. FARINELLA: The language they're seeking to add,
Your Honor, they are in the cases that they cite, and the
language that it comes from, are cases where there are
conspirator or co-conspirator defendants.
THE COURT: I don't think that matters, but go
ahead.
MR. FARINELLA: Well
THE COURT: You're saying that giving the charge
hinges on whether there are other people that are also
charged?
MR. FARINELLA: Well, yes. I think that the cases
that I read deal with co-defendants co-conspirators who had

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knew -- who knew of the illicit activity that they were engaging in. There are other acts, though, that may have taken place, and they're trying to assert that they were unaware of those other acts.

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THE COURT: No, I don't understand that to be the case. I think the law says that in an enterprise -- I don't think all of the people that make up the enterprise have to be aware -- well, maybe I'm wrong about that. Let me ask the Government. I'm pretty sure that's right, but --

MS. GEDDES: Yes, that's right. The Government's position is, as set forth in the language we proposed, that every member of the enterprise does not need to know everything that the enterprise is doing; and, importantly, that the critical question for the jury is that the defendant had the requisite criminal intent. It makes no difference whether other members of the enterprise had criminal intent, and the reason for that is simple; that the law recognizes that an enterprise allows someone to become much more And under racketeering, it states that a defendant can use a legitimate enterprise to commit a pattern of racketeering act, and that makes him guilty of racketeering. It is irrelevant what the other members of the enterprise, what criminal -- if any -- criminal intent that they had, and I think that the language we propose just reflects that basic black letter law that is, frankly, reflective of the language

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in the statute itself.

MR. FARINELLA: Your Honor, in the first case they cite, which is *USA vs. Rastelli*, the Court says, basically, that the knowledge of the enterprise can be inferred from eminence of close association with other co-conspirators with the required knowledge and from participation with members of the enterprise.

So what they're saying is that these are co-conspirators who engaged in illicit illegal activity; and, in this case, it's distinguishable, because this would be an association of fact, technically -- an enterprise that's an association of fact -- and I think there is a distinction, and I think that this charge -- this additional language and definition would cause confusion for the jurors.

THE COURT: But I just don't understand, the opposite of what you're saying is that everybody has to know about it; is that your position?

MR. FARINELLA: What I'm saying is that, for example, in a conspiracy RICO case, for example, organized crime, where there are members who are engaging in illegal gambling, loan-sharking, while they all don't know of the other's entire activities, they are all acting together for an illicit means, a financial gain, reward at the end; and in the event that they want to assert that they didn't realize that someone else in the enterprise is going to be -- would commit

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murder or other acts, they can't -- they can't allege the ignorance to those issues, and I think that's what these cases are discussing because they were all -- the cases in which are cited deal with the -- with co-conspirators who all were engaged in the illicit illegal activity and they knew that, and so --

THE COURT: Well that's one kind of racketeering case. I mean, there are those kind of classic racketeering cases where the enterprise itself is illegal, but the law is equally clear that the enterprise can be a not-illegal enterprise, so that's just a different kind of case. I don't think you are going to find any case that says that every person who makes up the enterprise has to know about every single thing that's going on. I'm quite certain that's not the law.

MR. FARINELLA: Well, when you're building an association of fact, they have to have some understanding of the underlying language that's charged in the indictment.

THE COURT: I would love to see a case that says that, but I don't think that's what -- I think the statute itself says something quite different.

MR. FARINELLA: Again, Your Honor, based upon my reviewing of the cases that the Government cited, they were not cases from association-of-fact cases; they were co-conspirators who were alleging they weren't aware of

Proceedings

certain activity. That activity was actually intertwined because they knew they were engaging in some illicit activity for illegal -- that was illegal for financial reward.

THE COURT: I don't have the cases at my fingertips, but what charge did the judge give in that case?

MR. FARINELLA: The charge said that for co-conspirators who are engaging in illicit illegal activity for financial reward can't say that they're not part of this enterprise.

THE COURT: Because they don't know every piece of it.

MR. FARINELLA: Correct.

THE COURT: Are you saying that every member of the enterprise has to be, I guess, indictable? Is that what you're saying; that they have to know that the enterprise was criminal? I don't think --

MR. FARINELLA: Well, that's the question, Your Honor. So a CEO, for example, who is using his staff to funnel in women -- or whatever, to engage in some sort of activity -- that staff doesn't know what's happening. You know, it begs the question as to whether or not there's an enterprise. I mean, the fact remains that in this instance, if the Court's going to contemplate this charge, then I think it should be made clear that the enterprise itself can't be just one person -- the person -- the defendant, himself, and

Proceedings

the enterprise.

THE COURT: I think it says that. The enterprise -- that's what the charge says.

So it's always helpful to me -- the reason why I send out the charge in advance is so I can get feedback and time to fit it in. I'm not sure I understand what you want me to do. I don't think that you will find a case that requires that every member of the enterprise act with the same criminal intent as the person who is being charged. I just don't think that's the law.

What's required is the existence of the structure that enables the defendant -- or whoever is being charged -- to carry out what the illegal activity is -- I think I have that right -- and I don't think there's any additional requirement that every single person who makes up that enterprise has to also act with the same criminal intent.

If you have a case that says otherwise, I will certainly look at it, but I think the language the Government submitted is a correct statement of the law.

I'm just curious, I know Raniere hasn't been appealed yet, but I'm sure this was the same charge that Judge Garaufis gave in Raniere.

MS. GEDDES: Certainly the submission that we offered to the Court was drawn from the Court's charge in Raniere. I don't know that every last word is the same but --

	Proceedings 4208
1	THE COURT: Well, I have the Raniere charge, I
2	haven't compared them, but the RICO charge was similar, but I
3	think there was a RICO conspiracy charge in that case, too.
4	But, in any event, if you have a case and you want to submit
5	it, you can do that. I just like to make sure that everybody
6	has what the charge is going to be before they sum up. I'm
7	not inclined to change it.
8	MR. FARINELLA: I appreciate that, Your Honor, and
9	this came as a separate email suggestion, so it wasn't in the
10	original charge. This is an additional charge that the
11	Government has
12	THE COURT: I know that. That's fine.
13	MR. FARINELLA: I would appreciate if the Court
14	would just give me
15	THE COURT: Well, the summations are going to start
16	today, so time's a-wastin'.
17	All right. Anything else?
18	I understand you are not calling the expert; is that
19	correct?
20	MR. SCHOLAR: That is correct, Your Honor.
21	THE COURT: Okay. So we just have the one witness?
22	MR. SCHOLAR: Yes, Your Honor.
23	MR. CANNICK: We have one witness, Your Honor, and
24	we have some stipulations that are being worked on now.

Unfortunately, we don't get home before 5:00, and we have to

4209 **Proceedings** pull them together, and we've got to coordinate with our 1 2 staff. 3 THE COURT: I haven't gotten mad or anything. 4 MR. CANNICK: Well, I've gotten a lot of chatter. THE COURT: Well --5 MS. GEDDES: The Government is a bit upset because 6 7 we have not seen any of these proposed stipulations despite 8 that counsel has been speaking about them for some time now, 9 so we're obviously not going to enter into a stipulation until 10 we've had an opportunity to review the proposed stipulation 11 and compare the language to what we understand the evidence to 12 be; but we're talking about things we haven't seen, so it's 13 difficult to predict how much time we might need. 14 THE COURT: How many are there? 15 MR. CANNICK: Probably about -- in terms of probably 16 inconsistent statements, probably about 20, 25. 17 THE COURT: You know, I've got to say, now, we 18 really have talked about this for a while, and I'm not taking 19 two hours to sit down and figure it out. We've been talking 20 about this for a couple weeks, I think. 21 MR. CANNICK: Your Honor, the stipulations -- the 22 witnesses were confronted --23 THE COURT: I know what it was. I'm not quarrelling 24 with the topic. I'm just quarrelling with the timing, because

this is not news, so someone on the defense team should draft

	Proceedings 4210
1	the stipulations, give them to the Government, and it should
2	happened before lunch.
3	MR. CANNICK: It will. It will.
4	THE COURT: Okay. All right.
5	One other topic, since I'm talking about things that
6	make me impatient, what steps has the Government taken to deal
7	with the question of those recordings?
8	MS. CRUZ MELENDEZ: Some of our tech people have
9	been able to convert most of the videos into straight audio
10	files. I believe there are two outstanding that require
11	redactions and are taking a little bit longer. We are hoping
12	to be able to have those finished by around lunchtime. We
13	will need an opportunity just to give it a listen to make sure
14	that the redactions were properly done, and then it should be
15	done by this afternoon.
16	THE COURT: Okay. All right.
17	Now, your witness is here.
18	MR. CANNICK: That's my understanding.
19	THE COURT: We'll take the witness's testimony,
20	we'll break to get these
21	MR. CANNICK: Stipulations
22	THE COURT: stipulations done, and then we'll
23	I guess we can begin summations this morning.
24	Do you have a preference for that? I want us to use
25	our time as wisely as we can.

	Proceedings 4211
1	MS. GEDDES: The Government is prepared to move
2	forward with closings. We'll need a short break just to set
3	everything up. My concern is the 20 to 25 prior inconsistent
4	statements that we may be presented with at some point, and I
5	honestly don't know how long that's going to take, but I'm
6	prepared to give my closing
7	THE COURT: I think maybe it makes sense to take the
8	lunch break before you start, then, just to be even if we
9	have to go earlier for lunch.
10	All right. Why don't we get the witness and then
11	get the jury.
12	(Pause.)
13	THE COURT: Just before we get the jury, let me just
14	see the lawyers at the side for just a second. We don't need
15	the reporter.
16	(Witness takes the stand.)
17	(Discussion held off the record at sidebar without
18	the court reporter.)
19	THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: All rise.
20	(Jury enters.)
21	THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: You may be seated.
22	THE COURT: All right. Mr. Scholar first of all,
23	good morning, everybody. Sorry about that. I'm trying to get
24	things moving here. We are ready to proceed with the trial.
25	Mr. Scholar, do you want to call your next witness?

	Proceedings 4212	
1	MR. SCHOLAR: Yes, Your Honor. Julius Darrington.	
2	THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: Please stand and raise your	
3	right hand.	
4	(Witness sworn.)	
5	THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: Thank you.	
6	You may be seated.	
7	THE COURT: Just a couple of things before we begin.	
8	THE WITNESS: Yes.	
9	THE COURT: I want to make sure everybody can hear	
10	you, so make sure you use the microphone. And, if you want,	
11	you can always take it out of the stand if that becomes	
12	easier.	
13	THE WITNESS: Okay.	
14	THE COURT: The other thing is, please don't speak	
15	too quickly. Our court reporter takes down everything you	
16	say	
17	THE WITNESS: Okay.	
18	THE COURT: and if you speak too fast, it makes	
19	her job harder. For the same reason, let whichever lawyer is	
20	asking you questions to finish talking before you start	
21	talking, that way we don't have crosstalk.	
22	If there's a question that isn't clear or you want	
23	to have repeated, let me know, and I will have the lawyer	
24	clarify.	
25	And just do your best to answer only the question	

	Proceedings	4213
1	that you are being asked, okay?	
2	THE WITNESS: Yes, Your Honor.	
3	THE COURT: Okay. Great.	
4	Go ahead.	
5	MR. SCHOLAR: Thank you, Your Honor.	
6	(Continued on next page.)	
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4214
                          Darringtor - Direct - Scholar
    JULIUS DARRINGTON,
1
 2
               called as a witness, having been first duly
 3
               sworn/affirmed, was examined and testified as
 4
               follows:
    DIRECT EXAMINATION
 5
    BY MR. SCHOLAR:
 6
          What do you do for a living?
 7
    Q
8
          Music consultant.
    Α
9
    Q
          Have you ever worked in the AR department?
10
    Α
         Yes.
         What is AR?
11
    Q
12
         A & R stands for artists and repertoire.
    Α
13
    Q
         And what do you do in A & R?
          An A & R facilitates the music production of a specific
14
    album -- production and engineering, mix, mastering.
15
16
    much, the liaison between the artist and the record company is
17
    the A & R.
18
    Q
          And what labels have you worked for?
19
          I was A & R consultant for RCA.
20
    Q
          Any other labels?
21
          I did some consulting for a numbers -- numerous
22
    independent labels, but only major labels was RCA.
23
    Q
          Do you know Robert Kelly?
24
    Α
          Yes.
25
    Q
          How do you know him?
```

Darringtor - Direct - Scholar

- 1 A I worked as A & R on his last project that he worked on
- 2 over the last few years.
- 3 Q And who introduced you to Mr. Kelly?
- 4 A DJ Wayne Williams.
- 5 Q And who is Wayne Williams?
- 6 A Wayne Williams was a senior vice president of A & R and
- 7 RCA records.
- 8 Q And what were you brought in to do?
- 9 A I was brought in to assist Wayne Williams with the A & R
- 10 process of R. Kelly's album -- Robert's album.
- 11 | Q Did you ever meet Mr. Kelly?
- 12 A Yes.
- 13 | Q And did you ever travel to Chicago?
- 14 A Yes.
- 15 Q And how many times have you been in his presence?
- 16 A Years -- few years. Every day almost.
- 17 | Q How many years did you provide A & R service for him?
- 18 A About four years -- four years.
- 19 Q And do you see him in court today -- Mr. Kelly?
- 20 A Yes.
- 21 Q Can you identify him by an article of clothing he's
- 22 | wearing?
- 23 A White mask, blue blazer.
- 24 THE COURT: Indicating the defendant.
- 25 BY MR. SCHOLAR:

4216 Darringtor - Direct - Scholar 1 Q Now, when you were -- were brought in, was there a 2 specific project you were working on? 3 Not a specific project, just his music in general. The 4 project hasn't -- didn't form yet, but just facilitating records and ideas for a possible album. 5 THE COURT: What year was this? I'm sorry. 6 What 7 year did you start working for him? 8 THE WITNESS: I would say 2016. 9 THE COURT: Okay. 10 Go ahead. BY MR. SCHOLAR: 11 12 And what duties did you have with respect to A & R for 13 Mr. Kelly? 14 Bring him ideas; production ideas; song ideas; connecting with different, you know, mixing engineers; work side by side 15 16 with him on the creative process of his album. 17 Q And where would these meetings take place with Mr. Kelly? 18 Α Meetings as in -- what meetings? What do you mean? 19 When you would discuss the A & R side of a project, where 20 would you meet with Mr. Kelly? 21 We would meet at the studio; we would meet at cigar 22 lounges. Mainly the studio. 23 Q And how many hours would you be with Mr. Kelly? 24 On average, during the week, I probably would be with him about -- about, you know, 10 to 12 hours a day, or longer. 25

Darringtor, - Direct - Scholar

- 1 Q And can you describe a typical day with respect to the
- 2 A & R process with Mr. Kelly?
- 3 A A typical day was he would wake up about 5:00 or
- 4 6:00 p.m. in the evening, give me a call, text message and
- 5 say, come to the studio about, you know, seven o'clock --
- 6 | seven, eight o'clock. I meet him at the studio, we would go
- 7 to the basketball gym, he would work out, play basketball.
- 8 After basketball, we would go to the studio and work through
- 9 the whole night.
- 10 Q And the studio that you're familiar with is on Justine?
- 11 A Yes, sir.
- 12 | Q And when you started working with Mr. Kelly, were you
- 13 | based in Chicago?
- 14 A I was based in Los Angeles.
- 15 Q Did you move to Chicago?
- 16 A No, I didn't move to Chicago, but I was there a lot,
- 17 so...
- 18 | Q And can you describe for the jury what that process was?
- 19 How did you go from Los Angeles to Chicago?
- 20 A He would request me to come to Chicago, and they would
- 21 | book me a flight and a hotel to come stay in Chicago at the
- 22 | Homewood Suites, and there I would stay and commute from the
- 23 | hotel to the studio and work. Sometimes it would be couple
- 24 | months at a time, three months at a time, maybe a couple
- 25 weeks.

Darrington - Direct - Scholar

- 1 Q And did you ever spend the night at the studio on
- 2 Justine?
- 3 A Well, we wouldn't start until the morning, so, yeah.
- 4 Technically, yes.
- 5 Q And where in Justine would you stay when you stayed
- 6 there?
- 7 A You know, a couple times I would crash or sleep on the
- 8 | couch in the lounge area for a couple hours or go back to my
- 9 room.
- 10 Q And where was the lounge area in relation to the studio
- 11 | area?
- 12 A When you walk in the door, you open the door and there's
- 13 \mid a -- it's a area with a bar, chairs, and a couch, a kitchen,
- 14 | bathroom. As soon as you walk into the studio -- you walk
- 15 | into the studio, there's one door, you open up the second
- 16 door, and that's the lounge area.
- 17 | Q And where is the studio where the recording would be in
- 18 | relation to this room you are talking about?
- 19 A The recording studio is in the -- a room behind the
- 20 | lounge area, so you would open up another door, walk down the
- 21 | hallway, and you will be in the recording studio area.
- 22 | Q And when you observed these rooms, did you see any locks
- 23 on the outside of these rooms?
- 24 A No.
- 25 | Q And during the time that you were with Mr. Kelly

4219 Darringtor - Direct - Scholar providing A & R service, did you ever see any women locked in 1 2 these rooms? 3 Α No. 4 Q Did you ever hear any women crying in these rooms? 5 Α No. Did you ever hear Mr. Kelly striking or hitting anyone? 6 Q 7 Α No. 8 Q Did you see him strike or hit anyone? 9 Α No. 10 Q Did you ever see Mr. Kelly's girlfriends? Α Yes. 11 12 And where would you see his girlfriends? Q 13 Α I would see them outside of the truck coming in from 14 various stores, you know, leaving back and forth. 15 Q And were they carrying anything when you saw them? 16 Shopping bags, mainly, from my observation. Α 17 Were they by themselves? Q 18 Α Yes, I would say, you know -- yes. 19 Now, were you ever with Mr. Kelly's girlfriends in the 20 same room? 21 Α Yes. 22 Q And when you entered a room where Mr. Kelly's girlfriends 23 were, did they have to look at a wall? 24 Α No.

And if one of Mr. Kelly's girlfriends entered a room

25

Q

Darrington - Direct - Scholar

- 1 | where you were, did you have to leave?
- 2 A No. I was never told to leave a room.
- 3 Q Did you ever travel with Mr. Kelly?
- 4 A Yes.
- 5 Q Where did you travel to?
- 6 A Multiple places. Specifically, I remember Phoenix,
- 7 | Arizona; and Dallas; St. Louis; south -- Charlotte.
- 8 | Charlotte.
- 9 Q And were these tours or were these events?
- 10 A Events. I would say events, spot dates, so to speak.
- 11 | Q And can you tell the jury what the distinction is between
- 12 | a tour and a spot date?
- 13 A Well, my distinction of a tour is a tour is usually about
- 14 ten to -- ten or more concerts lined up back to back. A spot
- 15 date is you have one or two events, maybe three. I wouldn't
- 16 consider that a tour.
- 17 | Q And when you traveled with Mr. Kelly, were you going to a
- 18 | specific place?
- 19 A Yes.
- 20 Q And what happened when you got to the place? Would
- 21 Mr. Kelly perform?
- 22 A Yes. He would perform, yes.
- 23 Q Would you also attend the concerts?
- 24 | A Yes.
- 25 Q Was that part of your duties as A & R?

		Darringtor, - Direct - Scholar 4221
		Darrington - Direct - Scholar 4221
1	Α	No.
2	Q	Why would you attend the concerts?
3	Α	Just support.
4	Q	When Mr. Kelly traveled, how would you travel?
5	Α	We would travel in a Sprinter van.
6	Q	And would you ride the Sprinter van with Mr. Kelly?
7	Α	Yes.
8	Q	And would you also be in the presence of his girlfriends
9	in t	he Sprinter van?
10	Α	No. I would be in the front.
11	Q	And as you rode in the front, could you hear any women
12	screaming?	
13	Α	No.
14	Q	Could you hear any women banging?
15	Α	No.
16	Q	Did you hear Mr. Kelly striking anyone?
17	Α	No.
18	Q	Did you hear any yelling?
19	Α	No.
20		(Continued on the following page.)
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		

Darrington - direct - Scholar 4222 BY MR. SCHOLAR: (Continuing) 1 2 Q Did you ever go shopping with Mr. Kelly? 3 Α Yes. 4 Q How many times? 5 Α A lot. Did you ever go shopping with Mr. Kelly and his 6 Q 7 girlfriend? 8 Α Yes. 9 Q What, if anything, did you see when you went shopping 10 with Mr. Kelly and his girlfriends? 11 Repeat the question? 12 When you went shopping with Mr. Kelly and his Q 13 girlfriends --14 Yes. Α 15 -- what did they do? Q 16 Looked at clothes and, you know, Mr. Kelly would interact 17 with people who noticed him, fans, take pictures, but mainly 18 just look at clothes and, you know, shop. 19 And when you observed Mr. Kelly's girlfriends during the 20 entire time that you were with him, how were they dressed? 21 Just normal, normal clothes. Nothing significant that I 22 can recall. 23 Q When you were at the studio, did you become familiar with 24 the people that worked at the studio? 25 Α Yes.

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4223
                       Darrington - cross - Shihata
         Do you know a person named Dhanai?
1
    Q
 2
    Α
         Dhanai?
 3
         Yes. I think he had a nickname "El DeBarge"?
    Q
 4
    Α
         Yes.
         And how about Jeff Meeks, do you know Jeff Meeks?
 5
    Q
    Α
         Yes.
 6
7
    Q
         Are you still in the music industry today?
8
         Yes.
    Α
9
    Q
         What types of work are you doing?
10
    Α
         Music consulting and I own my own record label.
11
    Q
         Thank you.
12
               MR. SCHOLAR: I have nothing further.
13
               THE COURT: All right. Cross-examination?
               MS. SHIHATA: Yes, Your Honor.
14
15
    CROSS-EXAMINATION
16
    BY MS. SHIHATA:
17
    Q
         Good morning.
18
    Α
         Good morning.
19
         Mr. Darrington, you're from Toledo, Ohio, correct?
    Q
20
    Α
         Correct.
21
    Q
         And you didn't grow up with the defendant, right?
22
    Α
         No.
23
    Q
         And before meeting the defendant, you were a fan of his,
24
    is that right?
25
         Yes.
    Α
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4224 Darrington - cross - Shihata And working with him was kind of how you established 1 Q 2 yourself, the first time you established yourself with a major 3 recording artist, correct? 4 Α Correct. And you first met the defendant around, in 2016, I think 5 you said? 6 7 Α Yes. 8 And while you worked for the defendant or with the 9 defendant, you were based in Los Angeles, correct? 10 Α Correct. And he was not based in Los Angeles, correct? 11 Q 12 Α Correct. 13 Q At that time, he was based in Chicago and sometimes 14 Atlanta, is that right? 15 Α Correct. 16 And so you weren't with him all the time, correct? 17 Α Correct. 18 Q In fact, there were times when the defendant wanted you 19 to travel from LA to Chicago and you didn't because you didn't 20 have the funds at the time, correct? 21 Not that I can recall. 22 MS. SHIHATA: I'm showing this to the witness only. 23 Q Do you see the text in blue on your screen? 24 Α Yes. 25 Q And these are texts you wrote to another individual,

4225 Darrington - cross - Shihata 1 correct? 2 Those are my texts, yes. 3 And in these texts, you state: Rob asked me to fly out 4 today or tomorrow and he will reimburse me but I don't have 400-something right now for a flight. Just paid my rent which 5 is 2,300, and I paid rent for July ahead of time so I'm flat. 6 7 Does that refresh your recollection that there were times when the defendant wanted you to come from LA and you 8 9 didn't have the funds? 10 Well, that refreshes my memory about that particular 11 time, yes. 12 And that's what I'm asking you about. Okay? Q 13 Α Yes. 14 Now, I assume you were never present when the defendant was engaged in sexual activity, correct? 15 16 Correct. 17 And you were never present when the defendant filmed that 18 sexual activity, correct? 19 Α Correct. 20 Or any other activity that he filmed with his female 21 guests and girlfriends, correct? 22 Α Correct. 23 Q And you had never seen any of those videos, correct? 24 MR. SCHOLAR: Objection, Your Honor. 25 THE COURT: Overruled.

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4226
                      Darrington - cross - Shihata
1
    Q
         You can answer.
 2
    Α
         Correct.
 3
    Q
         And you have no idea what's on them, correct?
 4
               MR. SCHOLAR: Objection.
               THE COURT: Well, sustained as to form.
 5
         In fact, you have no knowledge of what the defendant did
6
    Q
 7
    behind closed doors when you weren't there, correct?
8
    Α
         Correct.
9
         Now, I think you said you spent time in the studio on
10
    Justine Street, right?
         Correct.
11
12
         And I think you said several hours each time, is that
13
    right?
14
         Correct.
    Α
15
    Q
         Ever see an accountant there?
16
    Α
         Yes.
         And that was while were you in the studio recording with
17
    the defendant?
18
19
         No.
    Α
20
         So is it fair to say you spent, I think you testified on
21
    direct examination, you would show up around 7 or 8, go play
22
    basketball and then spend hours and hours at the studio
23
    recording, correct?
24
    Α
         That's correct.
25
               So was -- can you repeat --
```

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Darrington - redirect - Scholar
                                                                 4227
         I'm sorry. There's no question pending, sir.
1
    Q
 2
               Now, you testified you met certain people that the
 3
    defendant worked with while you were present, correct?
 4
    Α
         Correct.
         And I'm showing you what's in evidence, and this can go
 5
6
    to everyone, Government Exhibit 14.
7
              You met this person, correct?
         Correct.
8
    Α
9
    Q
         Donnell Russell, correct?
10
    Α
         Correct.
         You met him through the defendant?
11
    Q
12
         I met him being around the defendant, yes, not through
13
    the defendant.
14
               MS. SHIHATA:
                             Nothing further.
15
              THE COURT: Any redirect?
16
              MR. SCHOLAR: Just briefly.
17
              THE COURT:
                           Okay.
18
    REDIRECT EXAMINATION
    BY MR. SCHOLAR:
19
20
    Q
         Do you know a person named John Holder?
21
    Α
         Yes.
22
         Who is John Holder?
    Q
         Mr. Kelly's former accountant.
23
    Α
         Did you see John Holder when you would go to the studio?
24
    Q
25
         Yes, John Holder at the studio before, yes.
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Darrington - redirect - Scholar
                                                                 4228
         And why was John Holder there?
1
    Q
 2
    Α
         Usually having meetings.
 3
               MR. SCHOLAR:
                             Nothing further. Thank you.
               THE COURT: Anything else?
 4
               MS. SHIHATA: No, Your Honor.
 5
               THE COURT: Can I see the parties at the sidebar a
 6
 7
    minute, please, just about scheduling.
8
               Sorry, sir, you can step down.
               (Witness excused.)
9
               (Continued on next page.)
10
11
12
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17
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21
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25
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4229 Sidebar 1 (The following occurred at sidebar.) 2 THE COURT: Is the defendant going to testify? 3 MR. CANNICK: No, Your Honor, he's not going to 4 testify. 5 THE COURT: Well, I'm going to excuse the jury so I can have you put that on the record. 6 7 What is our timing with regard to stipulations? 8 MR. CANNICK: What time is it now? 9 THE COURT: 10:30. 10 MR. CANNICK: Be back by 11:15? 11 THE COURT: I think that's fine. What is the, what 12 about motions? You are going to rest? 13 MR. SCHOLAR: I was thinking since we only have 14 summations lined up that I would just do a brief motion. I 15 wasn't go to go into that now. 16 THE COURT: You can actually make, you can make the motion and I'm going, I'm probably going to deny it and then 17 18 let it go to the jury. 19 All right. So I'll send the jury out and I'll have 20 Mr. Kelly put on the record that he does not wish to testify 21 and then I'll have them come back here at 11:30. Let's see. 22 MS. GEDDES: We have, we still have not seen any of 23 these 20 to 25 --24 THE COURT: I know. 25 MS. GEDDES: In fact, it depends, in part, on when

4230 Sidebar 1 we will actually receive these. 2 MR. CANNICK: What we'll do -- I guess I think the 3 majority of them have been prepared so we get to go back, 4 we'll send them at least 50 percent of them and I just need my 5 office to finish typing them up. So the issue is, as I said, I might have 6 THE COURT: 7 mentioned this just in passing to Mr. Scholar and Ms. Shihata, 8 that there may be some question about whether there actually 9 is -- I would imagine that the language for the most part 10 would be similar and you just have a list of what's to be seen 11 by the jurors. Let me just -- if they're not going to 12 stipulate, then what? 13 MR. CANNICK: Then we'll call the agent again. MS. GEDDES: Again, not knowing what these are 14 about, I don't know. I'm confident we will -- I'm sorry. 15 16 THE COURT: He may not have done the interview. 17 But he's staff, he's the case agent MR. CANNICK: 18 and he reviewed all these reports. 19 MS. GEDDES: Look, we're not going to make you call 20 the agent if what's, if the agent, we know the agent had 21 testified as to what you wanted in the stipulation, but I just 22 can't say it enough that this is really frustrating that you 23 have had these for so long and we kept being promised them and 24 we don't have them. I would like to close today. 25 MR. CANNICK: Yes, you're right. We're going to

Sidebar 4231 close today. 1 2 THE COURT: Everybody, take the temperature down a little bit. 3 4 MR. CANNICK: You say that to me. MS. GEDDES: It goes to me too. 5 6 THE COURT: I mean everybody. The temperature has 7 been pretty good so far. 8 MR. CANNICK: Thank you. 9 THE COURT: There's no point in looking back now. 10 We can sit here and have a fight about it but then it's not 11 getting done so let's get it done. I'm going to send the jury 12 I'm going to tell them noon. 13 Do you know how long you are going to be? 14 MS. GEDDES: 228 pages, double-spaced? 15 THE COURT: All right. The only thing that I'm going to suggest is that maybe what we'll do is when we bring 16 them back and have the long awaited stipulations -- are we 17 18 going to read them all into the record? 19 MR. CANNICK: No. We're going to use them for 20 summation purposes. 21 THE COURT: And then we'll have you rest in front of 22 the jury and then break for lunch then and start afterwards. 23 MS. GEDDES: Okay. 24 MR. SCHOLAR: You want to formally rest too? 25 MS. GEDDES: I think we rested.

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Sidebar
                                                                 4232
               THE COURT:
                           They have to rest after you.
1
2
               MS. GEDDES: And I will say depending on what the
 3
    stips are, there could be a rebuttal stip but let's see what
4
    it is.
               THE COURT: All right.
5
               (Sidebar conference ends.)
6
7
               (Continued on next page.)
8
9
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4233 Proceedings 1 (In open court.) 2 THE COURT: Okay. Ladies and gentlemen, I'm going 3 to excuse you probably until noon. There are some legal 4 matters that we have to address. My expectation is that we will have a few little matters before you, then we'll break 5 for lunch and then we'll begin closing arguments this 6 7 afternoon. 8 Please don't talk about the case. As I said, I do 9 apologize for the stops and starts but it happens in every 10 trial. So please don't talk about the case at all and we'll 11 see you in a little bit. 12 (Jury exits.) 13 THE COURT: Already. Everybody can have a seat. 14 I understand from counsel that Mr. Kelly does not wish to testify. 15 16 So, Mr. Kelly, I'm just asking you. You can take 17 your mask off if you want. 18 Have you had a chance to discuss the decision of 19 whether to testify with your lawyers? 20 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am, Your Honor. 21 THE COURT: And is it your wish not to testify? 22 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am. 23 THE COURT: Okay. And that's a decision that you've 24 made freely and that's what you want to do, you don't want to testify, correct? 25

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4234
                               Proceedings
              THE DEFENDANT:
                               Yes.
1
 2
              THE COURT: You can have a seat.
 3
              So we talked at the sidebar about these stipulations
4
    and let's get to it.
5
              MR. CANNICK:
                             Thank you.
              THE COURT: Is there anything else that we have to
6
7
    do before that?
8
              All right.
9
              MR. CANNICK: Thank you, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: Okay. So I just need to see
10
    Ms. Cruz Melendez and Mr. Cannick at sidebar for two seconds.
11
12
               (Discussion off the record.)
13
              THE COURT: So we will be in recess until 11:30.
14
               In the meantime, Mr. Farinella, if you want to send
15
    me any cases on that subject that you raised, I'll consider
16
    it.
         0kay?
17
              MR. FARINELLA: Thank you, Your Honor.
18
              THE COURT: Thank you.
19
               (Recess taken.)
20
               (Continued on next page.)
21
22
23
24
25
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4235
                               Proceedings
1
              (In open court; jury not present.)
 2
              (Parties present.)
 3
              THE CLERK: All rise.
 4
              THE COURT: Okay. Are the stipulations all taken
    care of?
5
6
              MS. GEDDES: No, Your Honor.
7
              THE COURT:
                          Do you have them?
8
              MS. GEDDES: We received them 14 minutes ago.
9
              THE COURT: How much time do you need to go over
    them?
10
11
              MS. GEDDES: Some time. There are several of them.
12
    I think we're going to need at least an hour.
13
              THE COURT: All right. Then I think -- let me just
14
    ask...
15
              All right. I am just trying to figure out the
16
    schedule here. Again, you know, I am not a big believer in
17
    looking backward, but I am more than a little annoyed this was
18
    not done before, because we discussed it on several occasions,
19
    but it is what it is.
20
              I think what still has to be done in front of the
21
    jury is for the defense to rest, and I guess we cannot do that
22
    until after we sort this out. So I think that I should
23
    probably bring the jury out and tell them we probably won't
24
    have them back out here until 2:00, because their lunches do
25
    not come until closer to 1:00 and it is too late now to change
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	Proceedings 4236
1	the time on that.
2	And then to the extent that I have got to hear any
3	kind of disagreement between the two sides about what should
4	be stipulated to and what should not and I do not think any
5	of this is the key to the case I think that, you know,
6	witnesses were cross-examined about statements they gave in
7	pretrial interviews, all of the interviews say at the top it
8	is not a verbatim transcript and with each and every one the
9	same questions were asked, so the question about whether
10	something is inconsistent, I think, is probably going to be
11	the only point of contention.
12	So, how many of them are there?
13	MS. GEDDES: It looks like there are about 24
14	inconsistencies, plus we were given at least two other
15	yeah, two other proposed stipulations that we're reviewing.
16	THE COURT: Okay. Anything else besides this that
17	we have to resolve?
18	MR. CANNICK: Your Honor, I'm uncertain as to
19	whether or not Defense Exhibits A, B and C were admitted into
20	evidence. I just wanted to confirm.
21	THE COURT: I think they probably were.
22	MR. CANNICK: I think they were, but
23	MS. GEDDES: I don't
24	MR. CANNICK: Oh, you know what happened? Initially
25	when I started offering them, I offered as 1, 2 and 3, and

Proceedings 4237 1 then the Court reminded me it's A, B and C, so that's probably 2 why. 3 THE COURT: They are in, I think. Right? 4 MR. CANNICK: Yes. THE COURT: I am just checking with Ms. Greene. 5 6 THE CLERK: A, B, C, D, E. 7 MR. CANNICK: Okay. Thank you. 8 THE COURT: So I think I am going to tell the jury 9 that we will start at 1:30 because Ms. Greene, who can do 10 everything, has already tried to get their lunch here a little earlier, and I think that makes some sense. So I think what I 11 12 will do is bring them in and tell them that we will see them 13 back here at 1:30. All right? 14 THE CLERK: All rise. (Jury enters the courtroom.) 15 16 THE CLERK: You may be seated. 17 THE COURT: All right, jurors. Again, in the 18 interest of making the best use of your time and ours, I think 19 it makes sense for us to get your lunch here a little bit 20 early, and so I am going to shoot for getting us all back 21 together here at 1:30. And obviously if your lunches do not 22 get here in time, we will have to tinker with that a little 23 But I am going to excuse you until 1:30. I appreciate 24 your patience. This is fairly common in trials. So please do 25 not talk about the case at all, but we will see you back here

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Proceedings
                                                                 4238
    in a little bit. Thanks so much.
1
 2
               THE CLERK: All rise.
 3
               (Jury exits the courtroom. )
               THE CLERK: You may be seated.
 4
               THE COURT: Okay. Anything else before we break for
 5
    whatever this is?
6
               No? Okay. All right.
7
               (Luncheon recess taken.)
8
               (Continued on the next page.)
9
10
11
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17
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19
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23
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25
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Proceedings

AFTERNOON SESSION

(In open court; jury not present.)

THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: All rise.

THE COURT: Everybody can sit down.

(Defendant enters the courtroom.)

THE COURT: Okay. Just before I hear from you on this question of stipulations, with respect to the charge, I did review Boyle vs. United States, which is a case that Mr. Farinella submitted. That doesn't stand for the proposition that every member of the enterprise has to participate or know about its activities. But one thing I will say about the Government's proposed charge, which is on a really entirely separate matter, is that the -- I think the first two sentences, moreover, it is not necessary to prove that every member of the enterprise participated in or knew about all its activities, rather it is sufficient that the defendant know the general nature of the enterprise and know that the enterprise extends beyond his individual role.

The next two sentences are -- well, I mean, the next two sentences are really not appropriate for a case like this. It may be appropriate in some other case, but the language that it's not necessary to prove that the enterprise or its members acted with criminal intent is -- I don't think is appropriate in this case, so I'm not going to give that.

The other thing that I noticed just looking through

Proceedings

the charge is that there's no charge currently in the charge about -- I think it's Louis who has an agreement with the Government, and I assume you want that in the charge; correct?

MR. SCHOLAR: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: So there's some language -- we probably have it, but if somebody can submit that language to me, and then to the extent that there should be a charge on Mr. Smith, who I think was given immunity, I don't know if there needs to be a charge for him. Those are the only two that I can

MS. GEDDES: Your Honor, with respect to Your Honor's ruling about those second two sentences --

THE COURT: I thought I could go through that so quickly that you would forget about it.

MS. GEDDES: Not so.

recall.

We anticipate that the defense is going to argue that there was nothing illegal about the enterprise, and we're not saying that there was something illegal about the enterprise, and so that is why we wanted that additional language to make clear that they -- the jury only needs to find that defendant acted with criminal intent and not that anyone else acted with criminal intent, because I think that's going to be a significant focus of defense's closing.

THE COURT: Well, I mean, I think that's an accurate statement of the law, but I don't think the sentence that the

enterprise -- I think the rest of the charge adequately conveys that, but that one sentence I don't think does.

Obviously, the defendant has to act with the requisite intent. I don't think anybody would quarrel with that. I think I say that in other places in the charge, but I will add that sentence again. I'm just not going to put "under the circumstance of this case." I think it would be confusing to say that the enterprise doesn't -- when the person who is the head of the enterprise is the defendant under the Government's theory. So, I mean, maybe there's a different way to phrase it, but when you look at it, it's confusing, and I think -- as applied to these facts.

The rest of the charge actually does have all of that, so, I mean, if there's an argument that -- I mean, I don't think it's a matter of dispute, at least it shouldn't be, that enterprises can take all kinds of forms -- the charge goes on at some length about that -- but I don't think that that one sentence is appropriate, and so if something comes up during the summation that makes me change my mind, we can revisit that then.

So just with respect to the charge, then, the charge with respect to -- I think it's cooperation agreement with respect to Louis, and then with respect to Mr. Smith, I assume the defense has no objection to that; is that correct?

MR. SCHOLAR: No, Your Honor.

4242 **Proceedings** 1 THE COURT: Okay. 2 And then what are we doing about stipulations? 3 MS. GEDDES: So we have reached agreement as to 4 some, but with respect to certain of the stipulations of prior 5 statements, the Government does oppose the admission of some prior statements because we don't believe they were 6 7 inconsistent, in several instances -- and I can address them 8 one by one, but in several --Do it slowly, whatever you do. 9 THE COURT: 10 MS. GEDDES: -- in several instances, on 11 cross-examination, the witness was asked whether or not they 12 recalled making a particular statement, and their answer was, 13 no, they didn't recall it, and they were not asked 14 specifically whether that statement was true or not. simply saying that you don't recall making a statement is not 15 16 inconsistent with the substance of the statement, and so I 17 don't think that those particular prior statements should be 18 admitted because they're just not inconsistent with anything. 19 THE COURT: Do you have a list? 20 MS. GEDDES: I do. 21 THE COURT: Maybe it's easier for me to look at it. 22 MS. GEDDES: Yes. 23 (Pause.) 24 MS. GEDDES: So I'm going to talk first about Jane, 25 Louis, and Alesiette, if that's okay.

	Proceedings 4243
1	THE COURT: Sure. Is this an extra copy. I just
2	want to make sure you do it in the microphone.
3	MS. GEDDES: I might have just given you my copy.
4	THE COURT: Sorry.
5	MS. GEDDES: That's okay.
6	So with respect to Number 4, where Jane was asked
7	about whether the defendant whether she said that the
8	defendant masturbated in front of her while she was singing,
9	her response to that was "I don't recall"
10	THE COURT: Right.
11	MS. GEDDES: and so as far as I can see, there's
12	not an inconsistent statement. She wasn't asked, "Was he
13	masturbating in the room while you were singing?"
14	THE COURT: So what's your response?
15	MR. CANNICK: I think "I don't recall" is the basis
16	for the introduction of a prior inconsistent statement.
17	THE COURT: I actually don't recall if it is
18	MR. CANNICK: I think it is, Your Honor.
19	THE COURT: the basis. If someone says they
20	don't remember something, whether they told them that
21	MR. GEDDES: But they
22	THE COURT: Wait.
23	Did she tell them, or did she not tell them?
24	MS. GEDDES: She was asked whether she remembered
25	telling the Government

Proceedings

1 THE COURT: Right.

MS. GEDDES: -- that particular event happening, whether -- she was not asked "was the defendant" -- "isn't it true that the defendant was in the room masturbating?" She wasn't asked that, because if she was asked that, then her statement -- and if she said no, then her statement where she said that she was in the room while the defendant was masturbating would be, of course, inconsistent.

THE COURT: But I don't think that it's so much the question of inconsistency. If someone testifies to something on their direct testimony, and then they're asked, basically, you never told that to the Government -- isn't that the question, or is it something different?

MS. GEDDES: No. Because on direct examination, she testified about some events that happened. She didn't say whether or not the defendant was masturbating or not masturbating. It just wasn't part of the testimony, and what defense counsel could have done was said, isn't it true that the defendant was masturbating while --

THE COURT: I'm still confused here because, is it the fact that she -- why would the defense bring out that she said that in her statement? So I thought that the issue was that she testified about that -- I mean -- and I have no recollection, I must say, what she said about it, but --

MR. CANNICK: Your Honor, my recollection --

Proceedings

THE COURT: I will tell you the other reason why this is so annoying is that this should have been done before, and it's not -- I shouldn't have to be sitting here waiting for a jury looking at this stuff, and there are -- one, two, three, four, five, six, seven -- eight disputed statements, and I'm not happy about it. This is not the way this should have been done. This was brought up some time ago, and doing it at the last minute like this is not the way things should be happening.

Let me ask this. Is any of this -- I guess you've got to get the evidence in before the summations start. I just don't -- I'm not prepared to make the jury wait, so if you want --

MS. GEDDES: Your Honor, I'm prepared to close. I don't need a resolution as to these particular matters prior to my closing. I'm not going to be referencing any of these statements, and we could deal with this after that if the defense wants to close subject to --

THE COURT: Well, I can decide it -- I don't imagine that Mr. Cannick is going to start today, so I can decide it after the Government's summation, but what I want is -- and I want this from the defense, and there are four lawyers sitting at the table -- so what I want is where this is in the testimony, why it's an inconsistency, and whatever the rule is about when a witness says the person doesn't remember.

Proceedings

There's no reason with four lawyers on a case that somebody can't get that done, and I want it by the end of the day, so that's what we'll do. And I'm sorry that I'm losing my temper a little bit, but I'm not happy about that at all.

MS. GEDDES: One additional matter is that defense did propose a prior inconsistent statement by Faith, and we -- I think we've agreed upon what can be included with respect to that particular statement, but in rebuttal, we would like to introduce a prior consistent statement by Faith, and we provided stipulation to defense counsel within a very short time of receiving their prior inconsistent statement, and they've advised that they're not going to consent to that. I'm assuming that it's an argument question, and if Your Honor rules that it's admissible as a prior consistent statement, that that, too, could be introduced in the Government's rebuttal case subject -- after I close, because, again, I'm not referencing it in my closing.

THE COURT: Is it something from the 3500 material?

MS. GEDDES: Yes.

THE COURT: Why wouldn't they be able to offer a prior consistent statement if you're saying that there's an inconsistency?

MR. CANNICK: Because we don't think it's a prior consistent statement. It's a situation where --

THE COURT: Sorry to cut you off. We will deal with

4247 **Proceedings** this, then, when we deal with everything else, so add that to 1 2 the list of things that I would like an answer on as to why 3 it's not an inconsistency. I don't want to have to be 4 searching through the transcript myself. 5 Anything else before we bring the jury All right. in? 6 7 MS. GEDDES: I just want to set up the podium and 8 our board. 9 THE COURT: Okay. And, actually, we are just going 10 to take five minutes because I forgot one thing back in my chambers, so we'll take five minutes. 11 12 MS. GEDDES: And then, Your Honor, I assume the 13 defense will formally rest in front of the jury and then I 14 will begin. 15 THE COURT: Yes. So we are in recess for just a minute. 16 All right. 17 (A recess in the proceedings was taken.) 18 THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: All rise. 19 THE COURT: Everybody can have a seat. 20 I think we can get the jury -- oh, wait. All right. 21 What else did we have to do? Never mind. The defense has to 22 rest. 23 Since this is my first trial in a year and a half, 24 or two years, are you going to rest again, too? I don't think 25 you have to. I just don't remember. No, okav.

4248 **Proceedings** THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: All rise. 1 2 (Jury enters.) 3 THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: You may be seated. 4 THE COURT: Everybody can sit down. Ladies and gentlemen, we are ready to continue. 5 6 Does the defense wish to put on any additional 7 evidence? 8 MR. SCHOLAR: No, Your Honor. Subject to the 9 Court's rulings, we would rest at this time. 10 THE COURT: All right. 11 Ladies and gentlemen, that means we're ready to move 12 on to the next phase of the trial in which the lawyers have 13 the opportunity to address you in summations. 14 As I told you when you were selected in the case and at the beginning of the trial, what any lawyer says during the 15 16 course of his or her summation -- or, for that matter, at any point in the trial -- is not evidence. The evidence, as I 17 18 told you before, comes in the form of testimony, physical 19 evidence, and any stipulations, but this is the lawyer's 20 opportunity to speak to you about the evidence and what 21 conclusions they want you to draw from the evidence. Under 22 our system, the Government sums up first, then the defense 23 sums up, and then the Government will address you again. 24 So, with that, we will begin with the summation by 25 the Government, Ms. Geddes.

4249 Summatior, - Ms. Geddes Go ahead. 1 2 MS. GEDDES: Thank you. 3 Good afternoon. 4 Can we publish what's on our video onto the screens, please? 5 6 THE COURT: As soon as Ms. Greene returns, which 7 will be in just a second. 8 MS. GEDDES: All right. 9 THE COURT: I would do it myself, but I don't know 10 how. 11 MS. GEDDES: I could start. 12 THE COURT: She will be here in just a minute. 13 She's getting me some water. Sorry. She'll be here in a 14 minute. 15 Oh, my goodness, Ms. Lawoyin got it to work, so --16 MS. GEDDES: Fabulous. 17 THE COURT: No, it's still not working? Well, just 18 a second, then. 19 Now it works? Okay. Thank you so much. 20 All right. Go ahead. 21 MS. GEDDES: Thank you. 22 At the beginning of this case, my colleague told you 23 that for over 25 years, the defendant, Robert Sylvester Kelly, 24 used his fame, his popularity, and the network of people at 25 his disposal to target, groom, and exploit girls, boys, and

Summation - Ms. Geddes

young women for his sexual gratification. He used lies, manipulation, threats, and physical abuse to dominate his victims. He used his money and his public persona to hide his crimes in plain sight.

Over the past six weeks, you have heard from more than 45 witnesses and reviewed hundreds of exhibits showing you that he did just that.

The defendant is charged with racketeering and eight other counts. Count One charges racketeering and includes 14 different predicate racketeering acts, and those relate to Aaliyah, Stephanie, Sonja, Jerhonda, Jane, and Faith.

The eight other counts in the indictment are also charged as racketeering acts, and since Counts Two through Nine are essentially the same as certain racketeering acts, I'll talk about those standalone counts -- Counts Two through Nine -- when I talk about their corresponding racketeering act.

Now, I just mentioned the six women who were listed in the indictment and who are the subject of the charges. You heard from five of those victims. The sixth one, Aaliyah, is of course, now deceased; and I will spend a lot of time talking to you today in detail about their testimony and how it supports a particular charge, but you also heard from several others, Angela, Addie, Alexis, Louis, and Alex, all of whom met the defendant when they were under 18 years old. And

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you heard from two other victims of the defendant, Kate, and Anna, who met the defendant when they were in their 20s.

Now, the defendant is not charged in any specific racketeering act related to those other individuals, but I will still talk about their testimony because it constitutes proof of the racketeering charged in the indictment.

I want to start by talking about Count One, racketeering.

The law recognizes that when someone commits a crime as part of a group, he's more powerful, more dangerous. Put simply, racketeering means that the defendant was part of a group of people who were working toward a common goal. Under the law, we call that -- we say that he was part of an enterprise, and as part of his involvement in that enterprise, he committed crime; and as you saw and heard during this trial, the defendant was more than just a part of the enterprise. He was its leader, and he used its other members to achieve his criminal goals.

Now, Judge Donnelly will instruct you later, and if at any time during my closing remarks I say anything that is different than what Judge Donnelly tells you, it is her instruction that will control, but I anticipate that for Count One, the racketeering count, she's going to tell you that the Government has to prove five different elements beyond a reasonable doubt; and, later on, you will get copies of the

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charge, and you will have access to all of the exhibits that have been admitted in this case.

Throughout my presentation today, I'm going to show you some of those exhibits on a slide show. You are not going to get those, but if you note down a particular exhibit, you will have access to that. I will also be mentioning some transcription cites, and you will have access to all of those transcription cites as well.

All right. So in terms of the elements of racketeering -- and, again, Judge Donnelly will be instructing you on this, so you don't need to write any of these down unless you really want to -- the first element is that an enterprise, as described in the indictment, existed on or about the time alleged in the indictment; second is that the enterprise engaged in or its activities affected interstate or foreign commerce; third, that the defendant was employed by or was associated with the enterprise; fourth, that the defendant knowingly conducted or participated either directly or indirectly in the conduct of the affairs of the enterprise; and then the fifth is a really long count, and I'm going to talk about it in a moment, so we'll just flip through that.

I'm going to talk about the first element, the enterprise.

Now, the enterprise that you've learned about over the past several weeks consists of the defendant's inner

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circle. You've heard all about his inner circle, his business managers, his accountants, his personal assistants, the runners, the drivers, security, and members of his entourage.

Now, over the past three decades, the names of those individuals have changed, but their roles have remained the same; and since the beginning, the defendant has always been the leader of that enterprise. And over on my right, you can see the defendant's inner circle -- his enterprise -- shown here where you have the defendant in the middle, you have some of his closest advisors around, and then up and to the right, there are some of his personal assistants. Below are some of the individuals you heard served as his drivers: Terry, Joe Allen, Top Gun. At the bottom left, you see some of the individuals who testified before you and served as runners for the defendant: Nick Williams and Anthony Navarro. there are some of the individuals who served as security for the defendant: Candy, Big John, Ronald Hardy. Above there, you have some individuals who served as his engineers; and then in that inner circle, you see some of the defendant's closest advisors who you heard a lot about during this trial, and I will talk more about, but for your reference, we'll have this board so you can put a face to some of the names. There's not a face for every single name that I'll record today, but some of them are there.

Now, defense counsel has suggested to you in opening

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statements and in their cross-examination that there's nothing abnormal about the defendant, a successful R & B singer and performer having an inner circle such as the one shown on the board, and that's right -- that's absolutely correct. The enterprise charged in the indictment is not a criminal one, but I just told you that the law recognizes that an individual becomes more powerful when he's backed by a group, and that is exactly what happened here. The defendant was able to carry out the racketeering acts relating to the six women: Aaliyah, Stephanie, Sonja, Jerhonda, Jane, and Faith, because he had the enterprise -- the one shown on the board -- at his disposal to help him do it.

And while the enterprise on its own was not necessarily a criminal one, having sat through the past six weeks of testimony, you know that working for the defendant was not like a normal job. Remember Anthony Navarro, he's shown in the bottom corner, he was once a runner for the defendant, and he testified during the first week of trial describing his employment with the defendant as the twilight zone.

Nick Williams, another -- one of the Government's last witnesses -- he described working there as a hostile work environment. The defendant set rules, lots of them, and he demanded absolute obedience. And you heard that he set these rules for the girls and women around him, but he also set them

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world, but no longer.

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for the members of the enterprise. You heard from Anthony Navarro; his longtime studio manager, Tom Arnold -- he's in that inner circle there -- his loyal, personal, and then executive assistant Diana Copeland; and you heard from Suzette Mayweather about how each of them were fined by the defendant for their perceived violations, often when they violated one of the defendant's rules, and those fines were among the means by which the defendant kept his inner circle in line, kept that enterprise in line; and as part of the defendant's leadership of the enterprise, the defendant made his inner circle -- when I say "inner circle," I'm referring to that -the enterprise, not to that smaller inner circle -- he made his inner circle sign confidentiality agreements, and he refused to let anyone take photographs, anyone photograph the inner workings of his world; and for many, many years, what happened in the defendant's world stayed in the defendant's

Over the past several weeks, you've learned that the defendant's inner circle worked together to promote the defendant's music and brand, but his inner circle also served as enablers for his criminal conduct. Some, like Demetrius Smith and Darrel McDavid, actively assisted with overtly criminal acts. Others turned a blind eye as this recruited women and girls for the defendant's sexual gratification and stood watch over the defendant's girlfriends and female

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guests. But without his inner circle, the defendant could not have carried out the crimes that he carried out for as long as he did. In fact, the fines and other measures of control imposed by the defendant helped to keep the enterprise running and to ensure that its members did everything the defendant directed without hesitation, without question. And you know -- and we'll talk more about it today -- that those directives -- sometimes explicit, other times implied -- those directives allowed the defendant to commit the racketeering acts that he's charged with.

You also learned that the defendant's inner circle, it didn't function like other inner circles, and you know that because the defendant's drivers did much more than drive around the defendant's -- the defendant and members of his They transported girls and young women the entourage. defendant recruited. You heard Alexis, the young woman from Jacksonville, who testified. She told you that the defendant's bus driver, Terry, once drove her from Jacksonville to see the defendant in Miami -- an hour long drive -- and you know that because the runners did more than just get coffee and supplies for the defendants and others at his studios. They picked up the defendant's guests from airports, trains, train stations, and their homes and brought them to nearby hotels. You heard Jeffreys just testify about that, one of the defense witnesses. They escorted them to

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1	rooms within the studio were the individual women stayed for
2	long periods of time.
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MS. GEDDES: Anthony Navarro and Tom Arnold told you all of that, and you saw e-mails confirming that they did just that.

And on your screen, you see two e-mails that were recovered from a computer within the defendant's storage facility. This is Government Exhibit 468. And one is an e-mail referring to arranging for Alexis to be picked up. And again, that's when Alexis was 17.

There is another e-mail below that from June of 2009, asking -- mentioning that another individual needs to be picked up. And we'll talk more about how you know this, that that individual was Dominique, the one you've heard a lot about. And she, too, was just 17 at the time that e-mail was sent.

Now, to accommodate the defendant's rule that women in his orbit have no contact with men, including runners picking them up, you heard Tom Arnold tell you that he would put the rearview mirror up, sacrificing everyone's safety since he could no longer fully or easily see what was behind him.

You know I'm talking about why his inner circle was different than others. You know that the personal assistants did much more at the concerts than coordinate after-parties and manage the defendant's wardrobe. The personal assistants, along with the runners, distributed little pieces of paper

with the defendant's phone number to girls and young women. And you know this because Tom Arnold and Anthony Navarro told you that they distributed the defendant's number to females at concerts, malls, after-parties and other events. And you saw those typewritten numbers that were found in the defendant's storage facility, and this is shown in Government Exhibit 401. Those are three little slips of paper with a phone number ending in 7283. And you can see from Government Exhibit 117(a) that that phone number, it was subscribed to by the defendant's business, RSK Enterprises, and it was also saved in someone's phone as a phone number for the defendant. It was actually saved in a couple of individuals' phones, and those are shown on the screen. And so that's just one very small example of how you know that the defendant's runners and

Now, you know that the defendant's assistants also did much more than just make sure he was on time for business meetings with record executives. They also made travel arrangements for the girls and young women to fly across the country. You know this because Diana Copeland told you that she made travel arrangements for females to travel around the United States. So did his studio manager, Tom Arnold, and his personal assistants, Cheryl Mack and the Mayweather sisters, all of whom testified at this trial.

personal assistants were distributing his phone numbers.

You know that the defendant's male personal

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assistants -- that's some of the group that is in that circle around the defendant -- they did much more than drive the Sprinter vans and carry his luggage. Like the others in his inner circle, they contributed to the success of the defendant's crimes. They carried that backpack that stored the defendant's many iPads that he used to record girls and young women engaging in sexually explicit conduct. Diana Copeland told you that the defendant's male personal assistants -- and I'm using that distinction because you've heard many witnesses talk about the female assistants and the male assistants. So Diana Copeland told you that his male personal assistants carried the backpack that stored his Special Agent Chabot, from the Department of Homeland Security, told you that the day before the defendant was arrested, he actually saw George Kelly, who is also known as June Bug -- he is over there in that circle around the defendant -- carrying a backpack that the defendant had been carrying a few minutes earlier.

And you also know that his assistants picked up the defendant's prescriptions to treat his herpes. In evidence are Walgreens records. And I am going to talk about a lot of evidence, some of which you just heard the government admitting a particular exhibit number but we didn't put it on the screen. So I am going to be talking about some pieces of evidence that you will be seeing for the first time today, but

again, you will have access to all of this in your deliberations.

So in evidence are Walgreens records, and it's shown on this screen now. And you can see that the records show that there was a prescription for valacyclovir. That's one of the medications used to treat herpes, as Dr. McGrath told you. And this is just one example where you can see that on a particular occasion, a J. Brown picked up that prescription. And you know that because J. Brown's Walgreens loyalty card was used to pick it up and pay for the prescription. And J. Brown is, of course, June Brown, and he's shown in that inner circle. And there is another exhibit in evidence showing that J. Brown, June Brown, lived at that same address that's shown on the screen right now.

The defendant's engineers, you heard a little bit about them. You heard from Jeff Meeks as part of the defense case, another one of the defendant's engineers. They didn't just set up and operate sound equipment in the recording studio; they, too, helped the defendant. They helped the defendant carry out his surveillance efforts and to maintain some of the digital collateral, another technique that you have heard, and we'll talk about, that the defendant used to control his victims.

Now, Jane -- and I am going to, by the way, refer to the names that these individuals testified here at trial.

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You, of course, have in evidence and have seen their true first and last names. But remember that Jane told you that the defendant told her that those engineers could access an iCloud account, could access the iCloud to find out who she had been speaking with, and she told you that's in the transcript at 1027.

The engineers also helped the defendant dig up surveillance video and keep his digital collateral. you'll recall a couple of days ago, during Special Agent It's Chabot's testimony, that we played that audio recording. in evidence as Government Exhibit 485. And on the recording, the defendant accused a young woman -- we'll call her Kyla for today. He accused a young woman of stealing a Rolex watch. And you heard -- and we'll talk about some of the threats that the defendant made during that, but at the end of the recording -- and we didn't play this for you, but it's in evidence. But at the end of the recording, you can hear the defendant's engineers joking about how they think they should have -- the defendant should have strip searched Kyla, and again showing that the engineers were around for this. And in that same recording, the defendant mentions that his engineers had dubbed up the videotapes, the video surveillance that purportedly showed Kyla taking that Rolex watch.

Now, in more recent years, the defendant also relied on his personal assistants to ensure that his female guests

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and his live-in girlfriends complied with the defendant's many, many rules. You heard that from his female assistants, Diana Copeland, Cheryl Mack and the Mayweather sisters, who all told you how they helped the defendant manage his female guests and live-in girlfriends. They told you how they accompanied those women on public outings and the defendant relied on his assistants to, you know, make sure that they didn't leave. Now, no one is saying in this particular assistance that they were under lock and key, but you will recall Diana Copeland talked about a conversation that surprised her, where the defendant was upset with her for letting Anna escape and said to her that she should have let Lele handle it. And Lele is also shown up on this board.

The defendant also relied on his assistants to make sure that his girlfriends didn't get off the bus, and you heard some testimony about that at this trial. And again, one of the Mayweathers talked about a time when Joy was let off the bus and the defendant was upset. "Why would you let her off the bus?" That's what he said. Similarly, he relied on his assistants to make sure that these individuals, these women, didn't get off his Sprinter van without receiving permission from him.

Now, each of these individuals in his inner circle enabled the defendant in various ways and without them at his service, the defendant could not have carried out the pattern

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of crime that he committed for almost three decades. So you know that the purposes of the enterprise included legitimate things like promoting R. Kelly's music and his brand, but you also know that the enterprise led by the defendant had other purposes, too. Those purposes, as mentioned earlier, included recruiting girls and women to engage in illegal sexual activity with the defendant, to produce pornography, including child pornography.

Now, to be clear, this does not mean that all of the other enterprise members necessarily wanted any of these things to happen or were happy about it happening, but that's not what the law requires. As you saw and heard through this trial, the network of people that the defendant had at his disposal, they carried out the defendant's directives, they didn't ask questions and they effectively enforced the defendant's rule. They enabled his crimes, and those crimes occurred over and over again.

During the past several weeks, you've also learned about how the defendant led and participated in the enterprise for his criminal acts, and that is why we're here today, because of what the defendant did. He groomed girls and boys for sexual activity despite that they were too young to consent to any of that sexual activity. And you heard from Angela, Addie, Stephanie, Louis, Alex, Jerhonda and Jane, each of who told you that the defendant initiated contact with them

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when they were under 18 years old.

In evidence are phone records showing telephone calls between the defendant and Alexis, Louis, Alex, Jerhonda and Jane, all when they were under 18 years old. And you can see on the board in very small type are Government Exhibits 153 and 154. And 154 shows a summary of telephone calls between the defendant and Louis. And these are calls between the defendant's number -- and Louis testified to you, and you saw in other evidence as well, what the defendant's number was back then, that (630) 220-1166 number.

And then on the right you also see a summary -that's in Government Exhibit 153. You see a summary of
telephone contact between the defendant and Alex. That's the
individual that other witnesses identified as Nephew. And
again, you see that contact when Alex -- within the first few
months of 2007, and Alex was just 17 years old. Again, just
as he testified in court to you.

And I am going to talk in more detail later, but Government Exhibits 149 and 157, those show telephone calls between the defendant and Jerhonda -- that's in Government Exhibit 149 -- and then Government Exhibit 157 shows a summary of calls between the defendant and Jane. And those calls shown in those two summary charts all show contact with Jane when she was just 17 years old and telephone contact with Jerhonda when she was just 16 years old.

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Phone records in evidence also show contact between the defendant and Alexis when she was just 15 years old, and that's consistent with her testimony before you that she met the defendant at that concert in Jacksonville on March 26, 2006 and then went, the following day, to The Avenues mall in Jacksonville. And in evidence are phone records showing communication between the phone number that Alexis identified as hers and the defendant's number then.

The defendant also arranged for girls and women to meet him for the purpose of sexual activity without telling them that he had this incurable sexually transmitted disease. And you heard from Kate, Jerhonda, Faith and Jane, who each told you that the defendant exposed them to herpes during unprotected sexual intercourse and never told any of them about the fact that he had herpes.

The defendant also produced child pornography. You heard Stephanie, Jerhonda and Jane tell you that. He recorded each of them engaging in sexually explicit conduct when they were each under 18 years old.

And you learned how the defendant used a plethora of tactics to keep total control over his employees -- these individuals -- and his victims.

First I want to talk about those letters. And I am going to talk more about some of the letters later on, but just briefly, recall that you heard from Jerhonda and Jane --

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1 and remember, Jerhonda was the government's first witness. 2 She was very, very pregnant when she came here to testify. 3 And Jane started the following Monday, so both of them were 4 much earlier in the trial. But remember that both Jerhonda and Jane told you that the defendant directed them to write 5 6 letters containing false and embarrassing allegations, 7 purportedly about their own conduct and the conduct of their 8 families. And you saw several of those letters, and I am 9 going to show you those letters later today, that they told 10 you they wrote at the defendant's direction. And Jane told you that she wasn't the only one, that the defendant's other 11 12 girlfriends wrote the same letters at the defendant's 13 direction. And you saw some of those letters as well.

And you heard the same thing from Louis and Nephew. Those were -- I call him Nephew here, but he also testified as Alex in this trial. And remember, Louis and Alex were best friends before Louis introduced Alex to the defendant. But both of them told you that they, too, wrote letters that were false at the defendant's direction.

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And you heard about how and where the defendant kept those letters, in a safe in a storage facility, ready for his retrieval should a day like this ever come, a day where he is charged with very serious crimes. And you even heard and saw how the defendant stored those letters. Not all of them, but some of them were stored in those plastic document protectors.

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Some of them had reinforced plastic around the holes of looseleaf paper. And you know why he kept them at the ready and in pristine condition; he kept those letters that way because he intended to use the letters in the future and they wouldn't serve any value, any purpose if their contents were no longer available, you can no longer see what was written on those letters.

You also heard that the defendant directed some of his employees to do the same. You saw the letter that Diana Copeland wrote at the defendant's direction, purportedly confessing to stealing from the defendant and feeling terrible about it. And you saw the letters that Cheryl Mack told you that she wrote, again at the defendant's direction, where she purportedly confessed to wrongfully accepting money.

Other ways to control, that the defendant used to control folks, he used those settlement agreements. And you heard how the defendant used his attorneys to negotiate settlement agreements to ensure that any of his victims who he had lost control over, so someone who went and potentially was going to speak publicly about what the defendant had done to them, he had his attorney negotiate settlement agreements to ensure that they remain silent. And you saw three of those settlement agreements; they're in evidence for Kate, Jerhonda, and Precious. And again, in those agreements which are in evidence, the defendant agreed to pay hundreds of thousands of

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dollars in exchange for those individuals' silence.

Third, you heard should any of his employees or the girls or young women that the defendant had recruited cross him, he used his henchman to lodge threats and exact revenge. You heard the defendant threaten Kyla in Government Exhibit 45. I spoke about this a moment ago. She was the one who he believed took that Rolex watch. And you heard him say -- and I'm going to play the audio in a moment, but you heard him say that people get murdered for doing shit like this. Those are the defendant's words, and I'll play it.

All right. It's okay, you can take off your headphones, I can just read it. But you see on the screen that in that particular recording, the defendant said -- it says "unintelligible," but "murdered for doing shit like this." And it says, "Shut up. Shut the fuck up. You're going to do this shit fucking right." These are his words. "You're going to gain my trust because you owe me that, you hear me. You understand me? You think I'm going to walk around with all these people and not videotape my house?"

And then he continues and he says, "You're going to do what I tell you to do to gain my trust and loyalty. And you gotta do that now."

And he continues from that and he says, "You better not ever in your life take from me again or I will be in Florida and something will happen to you. You understand what

I'm telling you?" And, ladies and gentlemen, I submit that you understand what he was telling them; that was a threat.

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Cheryl Mack, she told you that the defendant told her she had to, quote, "pick a team," and made clear that if she picked the wrong team, "people go missing." Not very different from what he said to Kyla in Government Exhibit 485.

And then you saw that together with Donnell Russell -- he's up there -- and you just heard the defendant's last witness, Julius Barrington, talk that he met Donnell Russell when he was at places with the defendant. So you saw that together with Donnell Russell and Russell's mother, June Barrett, the defendant sent that threatening letter to Faith's attorney. And that letter was sent right here in Brooklyn. And you'll recall it's Government Exhibit 231(a). And we'll talk more about this later, but in that, she threatened to release -- I said she. I meant that in the letter, the defendant threatened to release sexually explicit and embarrassing photos of Faith if Faith didn't drop her lawsuit against the defendant. And when that didn't work, when Faith didn't drop the lawsuit and she went on to participate in the Surviving R. Kelly docuseries -- she testified about that -another individual, Kash Jones, his bodyguard who had a gun, summoned Faith to an Applebee's in Manhattan -- this happened again right here in New York -- and showed Faith some of the nude photographs that would be released if they didn't stop

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talking publicly about the defendant.

You also heard -- and again, we'll talk much more about this, but Donnell Russell, using an alias Colon Dunn, sent threatening text messages to Faith's mother, Kelly. And her mom, Kelly, testified in this trial. And in those text messages, there were those sexually explicit photos of Faith. And in the text messages he said that he would be, quote, "publishing soon," unquote, and that criminal charges would follow. And when Faith still didn't stop, Russell carried out exactly what he threatened to do; he created that Surviving Lies Facebook page where he published the sexually explicit photos, the uncropped versions of the photos of Faith, and we're going to talk more about that later.

The defendant was able to do all of this because of this inner circle. And without the defendant's extensive network of devoted employees and associates, he just couldn't have carried out the crimes he's charged with.

I want to turn back to the elements of racketeering. And I just talked a lot about the enterprise. And the first element that the government has to prove, of course, is that the enterprise existed. And I just walked you through exactly how you know that this enterprise, the one shown on the board, did, in fact, exist.

The second element is that the enterprise engaged in or its activities affected interstate or foreign commerce, and

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that just means that the operations of the defendant and his inner circle involved the movement between one or more states and maybe between the United States and another country. And you've heard overwhelming evidence of this element, including that members of his inner circle traveled across the country and the world when the defendant toured. They recruited females from all over the United States and people then traveled from those places across many state lines to see the defendant. So there can be no serious dispute that the government has proven this particular element.

I've already discussed elements 3 and 4, that the defendant was associated with the enterprise and that he participated in the affairs of the enterprise, and those elements are easily met here. Without the defendant at the center, there is no enterprise, there's no R. Kelly music, there's no R. Kelly brand. This is a Robert Kelly centric universe and an inner circle; they revolved around him. And for the next couple of hours we are going to talk about the many crimes the defendant committed personally as part of that enterprise.

And that brings us to the fifth and the final element of racketeering, the -- sorry, the defendant's participation in a pattern of racketeering. And in order to find that the defendant participated in a pattern of racketeering activity, you have to find that he committed two

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1 of the 14 racketeering acts that are alleged in this case.

2 And as we go through the evidence this morning -- this

3 afternoon, you will see that for each racketeering act, the

4 defendant either committed the act itself or he commanded it,

5 he had another person make it happen. And under the law, even

if you don't personally commit a crime, if you command it or

7 you help it in some respect with the intent of making it

8 | happen, that's the same as committing it yourself.

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Now, you also have to unanimously agree on the particular facts on any of those racketeering acts and you have to find that the last act that was committed was within ten years of a prior act, and I submit that you are going to find that all of the 14 racketeering acts have been proven, not just two.

You also have to find that those racketeering acts have a nexus. That just means that they're connected to the enterprise and are related. And we'll talk about those requirements as to each of the racketeering acts when we go through them in depth, but both requirements are easily met in this case because the defendant was able to commit the acts because of his position, his position as the leader in the enterprise. And because of the defendant's position in the enterprise, that helped him commit the acts he committed, and so either of those two factors would satisfy those requirements. And we've talked about that already.

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Now, finally, you have to find that the racketeering acts occurred over a substantial period of time and that there was the threat of continued criminal activity. And I don't think there can be any real dispute about that. The racketeering acts in this case have spanned more than two decades, more than 25 years, and there was no sign that the defendant or his inner circle had any intention of stopping.

One last note before we start talking about the individual racketeering acts. While the government has to and embraces proving the existence of the enterprise and all of the other elements that I described, it does not need to prove that the enterprise itself or its members acted with criminal intent, although some certainly, as I explained, did. But the government just has to establish that the defendant, Robert Kelly, that he acted with the required criminal intent. And you know that he did over and over again. The defendant relied on his inner circle, the enterprise, to carry out his pattern of crimes. And his inner circle, those individuals, they were a means to his criminal ends.

I want to turn now to Racketeering Act No. 1. This Racketeering Act 1 is the bribe that the defendant had Demetrius Smith pay to an employee at the Illinois Department of Public Aid to obtain a fake I.D. for the 15-year-old Aaliyah so that the defendant, who was then 27 years old, could marry her.

Andronikh M. Barna, Official Court Reporter, RPR, CRR

Now, before I go over the evidence proving that the defendant had Demetrius Smith pay that bribe, I want to back up and talk to you about the defendant's sexual abuse of Aaliyah, beginning when she was in her early teens. Now, the defendant is not charged in a separate racketeering act with sexual abuse of Aaliyah, but as you've now seen during the course of this trial, that abuse was part of the defendant's pattern of racketeering. And it's important background for you to understand what led the defendant to causing Demetrius Smith to pay the bribe that allowed him to marry Aaliyah by fraud.

You learned about the defendant's sexual abuse of Aaliyah from Angela, Demetrius Smith, and Jane. I am going to talk first about what Angela told you, and there is a photo of Angela on the screen. Angela, she testified in the last week of trial, so relatively recently, and she told you that she met the defendant when she was 14 or 15 years old, that she met him through her friend Tiffany. And starting from that very first day that Angela met the defendant and for the next few years, the defendant had sex with her and with her young friends. At the defendant's direction, Angela quit school and started to sing and eventually worked as a backup dancer with the defendant. And the defendant asked Angela to bring other girls around, as Angela testified the defendant told her, quote, "get me some girls or bring me some new talent," he

Summations - Geddes

called it. And you knew what the defendant meant by that.
Who does a teenager like Angela know and hang out with? Other teenagers. And Angela told you during her testimony that was exactly how she met the defendant, through another teenager, her high school -- a high school teenager named Tiffany who had invited Angela to meet the defendant at his apartment and some other young girls. This was part of the defendant's grooming process. It was one of the ways he continued to have access to young girls and used young teens that he had or later abused to bring him other teens that he could then abuse. And as you heard during the trial, and we'll discuss later, it was one of the methods that he continued to use throughout the period charged in the indictment.

Now, we're going to speak more about Demetrius Smith in a moment, but you heard from Smith about how the defendant's manager -- and again, I've told you that the defendant's employees changed over the decades that he was running this enterprise, but back in the early '90s his manager was Barry Hankerson. And Smith told you how Hankerson introduced the defendant to Aaliyah at her family home in Detroit in approximately 1992. And you can see from her birth certificate -- this is Aaliyah's birth certificate, which is in evidence as Government Exhibit 802 -- in 1992 Aaliyah would have been about 13 years old. And Smith testified -- and by the way, at the same time you can see that the defendant

Andronikh M. Barna, Official Court Reporter, RPR, CRR

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                                                                 4277
    was Government Exhibit -- I'm sorry, Aaliyah's birth
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    certificate is in evidence as Government Exhibit 802, the
    defendant's is in evidence as 801, and so at the time the
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    defendant was much older.
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               (Continued on the next page.)
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MS. GEDDES: (Continuing) During her testimony, Angela told you -- I'm sorry. Let me back up.

So when they first met in Detroit at the family home, Smith told you the defendant began writing and producing music for the young Aaliyah and that she would come to Chicago to record with the defendant.

And during her testimony, Angela told you how the defendant introduced Aaliyah to Angela and her friends on or around Aaliyah's birthday in January of 1992. And you can see from her birth certificate, that's when she would have been 13 years old. The defendant told Aaliyah that he wanted Angela, who was a couple years older, he wanted Angela and her friends to become Aaliyah's friends.

She testified that, do you recall -- the question says: Do you recall whether the defendant said anything else to Aaliyah about the three of you? Referring to Angela, her friend Tiffany and another young friend.

She answered: He told her that we were going to give her some street vibes and we were going to be there to be her friends. That's in transcript 3295.

And it worked. You have heard defense witness Larry Hood testify and described Angela as "one of Aaliyah's little friends." That's in the transcript at 4043.

After the defendant had access to Aaliyah and he surrounded her with teens that he had already been abusing

Summation - Geddes

like Angela, the defendant sexually abused Aaliyah too.

Angela told you about how on one night, while they were traveling on tour in 1992 or 1993 with the defendant at a tour stop in Washington, D.C., the defendant became angry with Angela and Aaliyah and her friends because they disobeyed his instructions to stay at the hotel and the defendant approached the group of girls including Aaliyah and said to them that they have to "put out that night." Angela told you what the defendant meant by "put out." She was it was dues time and she told you what that meant. When the defendant told you you have to pay dues, that means he wants to have sexual contact or sexual intercourse with you. Now, she avoided it that day but the pattern was there.

Angela also told you that during that same tour, while, you know, they were young kids, while they were trying to play a prank aboard a tour bus, she walked in on the defendant and saw his head between Aaliyah's legs performing oral sex on Aaliyah and Aaliyah was just 13 or 14 at that time.

You also learned about the defendant's sexual abuse of Aaliyah from Demetrius Smith. Now, remember, Demetrius Smith did not want to testify at this trial. He certainly didn't want to testify against the defendant. He described him as being like a brother to him and he didn't want to testify about the defendant and Aaliyah and as you heard, the

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government had to serve him with a subpoena and then an immunity order to get him to tell you what he knew. Even then, he tried to resist directly answering my colleague's questions, but even he admitted based on the interactions that he saw between the defendant and young Aaliyah, he suspected the defendant was "messing" with Aaliyah. That's in the transcript at 690.

He told you what he meant by "messing around," that based on what he could see, he was concerned that the defendant was "being flirtatious, seducing her," Aaliyah, and that's on 691. He told you he was concerned because Aaliyah was young and the defendant's behavior concerned him enough that he asked him about it more than once because it is concerning. At the time, Aaliyah was barely a teenager, too young, far too young to consent to sexual conduct with the defendant.

Now, let's fast forward to August of 1994.

You heard from Smith that he was then in 1994 serving as the defendant's tour manager and that the defendant was performing at a venue in the south when the defendant told Smith that they needed to return to Chicago that night and he told him why, that Aaliyah was "in trouble." That's at 692 to 693 in the transcript.

It wasn't in the defendant's schedule to go to
Chicago, he had other performances that he had to do, but the

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defendant told Smith to book some tickets, some plane tickets for him and another member of defendant's inner circle at the time, Tyree, because they needed to get back to Chicago.

As you heard from Smith, it was on that plane ride back to Chicago where Smith saw the defendant concerned, crying a lot, and the defendant told Smith what he meant when he had said earlier that day that Aaliyah was "in trouble." The defendant told Smith that Aaliyah believed that she was pregnant. And the defendant was obviously concerned and you know why he was concerned. The defendant was concerned because he knew Aaliyah, at a young age, he believed that she was pregnant and that the baby was his and the defendant knew that if anyone found out, her being a minor and him being nearly two times her age, he was facing serious trouble.

Again, here are the defendant's and Aaliyah's birth certificates in evidence. You can see in August of '94, Aaliyah was just 15 years old and the defendant was 27 years old.

You know that the defendant knew exactly how old Aaliyah was because the year before, in March of 1993, the network BET released a video featuring the defendant talking about Aaliyah and in the clip, and I'll play it for you in a moment, you hear the defendant say that Aaliyah was just 14 years old at the time. This is in evidence as Government Exhibit 901 and let me see if our audio will work.

(Audio played.) (Audio stopped.)

MS. GEDDES: Demetrius Smith also told the defendant's solution that night to Aaliyah being, in the defendant's words, in trouble. The defendant decided that he would marry, he needed to marry Aaliyah to protect himself. And remember, when my colleague asked Smith what the defendant needed to protect himself from, Smith told you, jail. That was in the transcript at 706 to 07.

In addition to Demetrius Smith's testimony about why the defendant was so desperate to marry Aaliyah, you also know what happened that day in August of 1994 or that month in August of 1994 because the defendant told Jane, another teenager that the defendant seduced nearly two decades later who testified powerfully, I submit, during the second week of the trial.

On the screen is a photo of Jane.

I'll talk much more about her testimony later but for now, remember what Jane told you or when Jane told you that one afternoon, the defendant -- and at the time, Jane was one of the defendant's live-in girlfriends -- she told you that the defendant told her and his other live-in girlfriends what had happened decades earlier with Aaliyah.

The defendant told Jane and she told you that he had married Aaliyah when she was 15 years old because she was pregnant and he had to marry her to make sure that Aaliyah

gets an abortion. And we all know what the defendant was thinking. No baby, no jail. He believed that that was his way of getting away with sexual abuse of Aaliyah.

MR. SCHOLAR: Objection, Judge.

THE COURT: Overruled.

MS. GEDDES: And this makes sense, ladies and gentlemen. You heard Demetrius Smith's account of how the defendant reacted when he heard that Aaliyah believed she was pregnant and he said -- and it's entirely consistent, that reaction, because you saw how the defendant then reacted decades later in October of 2015 when Jane was 17 years old. She told the defendant that she believed she was pregnant and the defendant told Jane she couldn't have the baby because like Aaliyah, in August of 1994, Jane was still a minor, just 17 years old.

Just as he believed in August of '94 when he learned that the 15 year old Aaliyah thought she was pregnant, the defendant believed that he would be in trouble if anyone learned that he had impregnated Jane.

You saw Jane's text messages, and I want to talk more about this later, but you saw Jane's text messages with one of her close friends who also testified in the trial where she told her friend that the defendant wasn't going to let her keep the baby and that he told her that she had to get an abortion. You saw all those photographs were showing that

Jane was petrified of having an abortion.

Then what's significant is if you look at that last red box on the bottom, she wrote: Now if I was 18 -- remember, at this time, she's 17 -- now, if I was 18 he wouldn't care about the baby, speaking I'm 17.

Let's turn back to that day in August of 1994. So we're going back two decades. During his testimony, Demetrius Smith also told you what happened when they arrived in Chicago. So remember, they flew from the venue in the south up to Chicago on a last-minute basis and they started talking about how they could carry out the defendant's plan to marry Aaliyah.

During one of those conversations, the defendant made clear to Smith that he expected Smith to help him get it done. And Smith told you that he raised questions about the plan. Smith tried to convince the defendant that he couldn't marry Aaliyah because she was too young and suggested to the defendant that they should reach out to Aaliyah's uncle, Barry Hankerson, was also then the defendant's manager, but the defendant wasn't having it. He made clear that Smith needed to "pick a side" and that's in the transcript at 710.

His testimony about the defendant's words, they ring true because you heard the same thing from another one of the defendant's former employees, Cheryl Mack. More than 15 years later, when the defendant faced another legal predicament

involving another young female, that one was Precious, she told you that he told her that she needed to "pick a team."

You also heard the defendant in his own words on Government Exhibit 485 tell Kyla, the one who he believed stole the watch, that she needed to be on his "team or else." And he said: If you bullshit me now, then I'm going to look at you like you're not on my team at all.

You know what he meant. It was a threat just as it was to Demetrius Smith, just as it was to Cheryl Mack. So Smith told you that he did pick a side, the defendant, and he told you why. He wanted to stay in that inner circle, in the enterprise. He didn't want to get "pushed out of the loop." So he worked with the defendant to carry out this plan but to do it, as Smith told you, they were going to need some fraudulent IDs for Aaliyah because she was under age, she was under 18 years old. That's in the transcript at 712 to 713.

You know that this is true because you heard from Carolyn Harris. She was the supervisor who testified at the beginning of the trial from the clerk's office in Cook County in Illinois and she told you that 15 year olds cannot legally get married, not now and not in 1994. The defendant knew Aaliyah's age as we've already seen so the defendant turned to an inner circle for a solution.

Demetrius Smith told you that he suggested to the defendant and the others who were there that day that he could

get an ID from one of the public aid offices. He could get an

2 | ID for Aaliyah and he paid one of the employees some money.

3 | That's the bribe. He also had a conversation with Derrel

4 McDavid, the defendant's long-time business manager and

5 accountant, about where and how they could get that ID.

Again, as you recall, Smith did not want to testify against a man he described as a brother, but he told you that the defendant was there for that conversation and that's in the transcript at 744.

So Derrel McDavid, the defendant's then business manager and accountant, gave Demetrius Smith \$500 in cash to execute the bribe. You know that the \$500 was the defendant's money. It came from his accountant. And this was all done for the defendant's benefit, for his protection, to keep him out of jail.

So Demetrius Smith, the defendant and Aaliyah then drove to one of the local benefits offices in Cook County in Illinois where Smith offered an employee \$500, money he told you he got from McDavid. He offered that money to have that official create a fraudulent ID for the 15 year old Aaliyah and he wanted the ID to suggest that Aaliyah was, in fact, 18 years old.

Now, the Judge will instruct you, I believe, that it doesn't matter whether the defendant was the one who handed over the cash to the public employee who created that

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fraudulent ID and it makes no difference that it was Smith was the one who actually passed over the bribe payment. As you'll see from the Judge's instructions, the defendant doesn't even need to be present when this happens but he was close by.

Smith told you that the defendant stayed in the car outside waiting for the deed to be done while Smith was inside paying the bribe and then Aaliyah went in to have her photograph taken so that it could be on that fraudulent ID.

The defendant though was the one who needed to marry Aaliyah and he told Smith to pick a side. The defendant was there when the plan was discussed and Aaliyah was in the car when they drove to the public aid office where Smith paid that bribe. Defendant agreed that that bribe should be carried out and the cash used to pay it was from the defendant's coffers handed over to Smith by business manager and accountant McDavid. In those circumstances, the defendant was just as guilty of bribery under the law as Smith was. Just because you have one of your henchmen do your dirty work doesn't mean you're any less responsible.

By the way, you know that effecting payoffs, bribes, is part of the defendant's tried and true MO. I talked about this earlier but you've heard that the defendant resorted to pay off to stay out of legal trouble. You saw those settlement agreements in evidence. He did that with Kate, Precious and Jerhonda.

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I don't want to spend too much time on this but you also know the public employee who the defendant and Smith bribed. Smith told you that he went into that local benefits office and paid someone who worked there to pay somebody who worked there the cash. And he told you that he had previously applied for and received public benefits so he was familiar with the process and thought that he could get an ID from someone who worked there and so that's what he did.

Now, you also know that Demetrius Smith carried out that bribe he told you about in August of 1994 not just because he told you but because the certified official documents corroborate, they back up his testimony.

You saw the application for the marriage license.

That's Government Exhibit 803(a) showing that the defendant -- and it's shown on the screen right now -- it shows that the defendant presented his driver's license and that Aaliyah Haughton presented an Illinois Department of Public Aid card.

You can see -- it will pop up in a moment, but you can see at the top where it says ID Bride, "B" for "bride", and you see the IDPA, Illinois Department of Public Aid. Then below that is the ID for "G," the groom, the defendant, and that has Illinois driver's license.

So how else do you know -- and by the way, that IDPA, the one that's listed there, that's the card that was secured by the \$500 bribe. That was the identification

document that Aaliyah ultimately was able to use to get this fraudulent marriage license.

Now, how else do you know that it was a bribe, how else do you know that it was a bribe that secured the fraudulent ID for Aaliyah? Well, Mr. Rosario, he explained to you that in response to a government subpoena, both the Illinois Department of Human Services and the Department of Health and Family Services, and those two groups used to make up the Illinois Department of Public Aid, they searched for records of Aaliyah Haughton and there were no records found because there wasn't a legitimate ID provided to Aaliyah Haughton that day, that it was fake, it was secured by a bribe.

You can see that as well in Government Exhibit 904 and 905 which are the responses -- they're not shown on your screen -- but those are the responses from those two departments saying that no records were found for Aaliyah Haughton and there are also no records found for that particular ID number that is shown on Government Exhibit 803(a). So that means that based on Mr. Rosario's testimony regarding the legitimate channels that would need to happen for Aaliyah to get that ID card -- filling out an application, doing an interview, having an eligibility assessment -- he told you that would take about 30 days in 1994. That didn't and, frankly, it couldn't have happened.

So you know the way that Smith and the defendant got their hands on that fake ID for Aaliyah was by using illegal channel, illegal channels, paying the bribe.

Smith also testified that the defendant and his inner circle obtained another form of ID for Aaliyah to use to get that marriage license and Smith testified one of their friends, Keith Williams, helped to arrange Aaliyah to get that fake, to get a fake employee ID from some sort of shipping company and Smith thought that it might have been a Fed Ex but he wasn't positive but he did use a shipping company. Keith Williams actually told you, he testified in this trial as well, he had told you that he worked at UPS prior to August of 1994.

If you look at the marriage application in Government Exhibit 803(a), you can see that Aaliyah's occupation was listed as "Messinger Ser," a messenger service, like Fed Ex, UPS, a shipping company.

Now, Carolyn Harris, the supervisor at the Cook
County clerk's office, told you that the marriage application,
the one shown in 803 is not returned to the applicants, the
bride and the groom, and it's not otherwise available to
members of the public. She told you that when a couple
applies for a license, they're provided with a copy of the
license but not the application.

In the license -- I'm sorry. In the applications

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shown in 803(a) where the nomenclature that I discussed, where it says the IDPA and the ILDL for the bride and the groom, it's in the application itself where that nomenclature is included and other than the bride or the groom, here, the defendant or Aaliyah, a member of the public just can't get a copy of this application but Demetrius Smith knew the facts that were on that application because he was there and he participated in the scheme.

Demetrius Smith even told you that McDavid, the business manager/accountant, had to do some convincing of the clerk with the forms of ID that they provided at City Hall when the defendant and Aaliyah went to get the license because the clerk was a little hesitant about accepting the IDs that they were trying to use for Aaliyah. And that's in evidence at 726 and 27.

Carolyn Harris told you that the clerk's office accepts certain types of identification cards for a marriage license, and that an IDPA, the Illinois Department of Public Aid, isn't typically one of the approved forms of identifications that are accepted but, ultimately, it's up to the clerk who is handling a particular application to decide whether or not to accept the ID present, presented.

So once armed with a marriage license, and you saw and heard that the defendant and Aaliyah were able to obtain the marriage license using that IDPA card, the group which

included the defendant returned to, they went to that Sheraton Hotel, the one by the airport for that, for a secret wedding ceremony. That was the ceremony that the defendant hoped was going to keep him out of jail.

By the way, it makes sense that the ceremony was held at the Sheraton right by an airport and I'll show you how you know that in a moment because the defendant didn't have much time. He needed to fly out to go back to his next show. We'll talk about that in a minute.

Now, you heard about how the marriage ceremony was set up not only from Smith but also from Nathan Edmond. He testified by video, I think it was the first, maybe second witness to testify by video, and you also heard from Keith Williams. Both Edmond and Williams told you that Williams was friendly with the defendant at the time in 1994 and that Williams recruited Nathan Edmond who was a pastor to perform the ceremony. Edmond told you about the ceremony itself. It was a 5 to 10 minute ceremony at the Sheraton Hotel by the airport.

You saw on the marriage license shown -- so now this is the marriage license, not the application, and it's shown in 803(b). You can see that Edmond wrote that the ceremony was performed at 6501 North Mannheim Road in Rosemont, Illinois.

There's a stipulation in evidence, Government

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Exhibit 1001, showing that in 1994, that location, 6501 North Mannheim was a Sheraton Hotel just like you heard. You can see that the Sheraton is right by the airport in Chicago, O'Hare, and, again, that makes sense given that the defendant's performance schedule.

So Edmond, Nathan Edmond, the pastor, and Demetrius Smith told you about the ceremony itself. It took place in a hotel suite. The defendant and Aaliyah were dressed in matching sweats. And Smith also told you that about an hour after the ceremony, he and the defendant but not Aaliyah returned to the tour because, remember, the defendant was performing venues in the south, Demetrius Smith recalled. Indeed, that same night, August 30th of 1994, that's the date listed on the marriage application, the defendant returned to the south and he performed at a venue in Macon, Georgia.

You saw a -- well, you may not have seen it but this is a newspaper article that's in evidence as 948(a) and 948(c) and it shows that the defendant, in fact, performed at the Albany Civic Center in August of 1994. You'll have the article in evidence and you can see that in the article, 948(c), it talks about how the defendant performed on August 30th, the night before this article was written, at Macon, Georgia, that venue, and then the following day, August 31st, is when he performed at the Albany Civic Center, also Albany, Georgia, the two venues in Georgia.

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(Continuing.)

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MS. GEDDES: And you can see in this article that his manager was Demetrius Smith, like I told you.

Now, to be sure, the marriage certificate, the one in evidence as 803, it lists the date of the marriage as So, remember, the application shows August 30th, August 31st. and on the marriage certificate, it indicates that the marriage took place on the following day, August 31st. you heard that that date entry was completed by hand by Nathan Edmond, the friend of a friend who performed the ceremony; and you know that the defendant didn't get married that day, the 31st, because he -- he wasn't going to fly home twice, and so you know that he was performing on the 30th in Georgia, and the 31st also in Georgia, and so it makes more sense that Nathan Edmond just wrote down August 31st instead of August 30th because you heard from Carolyn Harris that -- the supervisor of the clerk's office, that in order to get a marriage -- or have a valid marriage in Illinois, the marriage has to be performed a day after the application is submitted or it wouldn't be a valid marriage -- it would be void -- but the defendant didn't have time to spare, so Edmond just incorrectly writes that the ceremony occurred on the 31st rather than the 30th.

You also learned that the defendant's pattern of sexual abuse of minors, it didn't change after he married

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4295

In fact, he didn't skip a beat. And you heard from Aaliyah. Addie -- she was one of the individuals that testified at this trial, she's not named in any particular racketeering act, but she told you that she went to a concert in Miami in September of 1994. She was about to begin her senior year in high school, and she didn't recall the exact date in September of '94 when she went to this concert performance, but you know it because she had a pamphlet that she provided to the Government, and it's in evidence as Government's Exhibit 201, and you can see that it shows a concert sponsored by Budweiser beer, and it shows that it took place on September 2nd of 1994. And, again, you can see that on Government's Exhibit 201 where it says night, slash, two; and then over on the left-hand side, you can see vertically it says 1994.

And so on September 2nd, 1994, three days after the defendant brought Smith to bribe a county official to provide that fraudulent ID so he could marry the 15-year-old Aaliyah, you heard how he sexually abused and assaulted another minor, Addie. She told you that that happened backstage at that show; and like Aaliyah, Addie was too young to consent to the unwanted sex that he subjected her to.

So briefly I want to just turn back to Racketeering

Act 1 itself. I told you I was going to talk a bit about the

defendant's sexual abuse of Aaliyah, but ultimately

Racketeering Act 1 charges bribery, and there are two elements

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that the Government has to prove beyond a reasonable doubt in order for you to find this act proven, and the first is that the defendant -- or somebody for whom he's legally responsible for -- for whose conduct he's legally responsible for -- promised or tendered property to another individual; and, second, that the defendant, or that person whose conduct he's legally responsible for, did so with the intent to cause another individual to influence the performance of an act related to the employment or a function of a public employee.

And I anticipate that Judge Donnelly will tell you that the defendant is legally responsible for the conduct of another person -- I'm using that term, because that's the term in the instructions and in the law -- so someone is legally responsible when either before or during the commission of an offense and with the intent to promote that particular offense, the defendant knowingly solicits, aids, abets, agrees, or attempts to aid another person in the planning or commission of an offense. And you can find this predicate act proven because of everything that I've just laid out for you The defendant, needing this fake ID for Aaliyah so that here. he could have legally married her, had Demetrius Smith carry out the plan of bribing a public employee at the public aid office. The money came from the defendant through his manager, Darrel McDavid, and the defendant drove with Smith and Aaliyah to that office -- the public aid office -- to

> Denise Parisı, RPF, CRF Officiai Court Reporter

Summation - Ms. Geddes 4297 ensure that Smith remained on the defendant's side. 1 2 the team or the side that Smith took -- picked and that the 3 bribe was carried out just as the defendant wanted and just as 4 he needed. THE COURT: Ms. Geddes, I wonder if this might be a 5 6 good time for a break. I'm sorry to interrupt you. 7 MS. GEDDES: Sure. 8 THE COURT: All right. 9 Ladies and gentlemen, I think we will just take a 10 break so everybody can stretch their legs. Let's say 3:30 11 we'll come back. 12 Please don't talk about the case at all. 13 THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: All rise. 14 (Jury exits.) THE COURT: Everybody can sit down. We will just be 15 in recess for a few minutes. 16 17 I hope I didn't get you in a bad place. 18 MS. GEDDES: That's fine. 19 MR. SCHOLAR: He's working on the stipulations. 20 THE COURT: Oh, okay. 21 I will see you all in a few minutes. All right. 22 (A recess in the proceedings was taken.) 23 THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: All rise. 24 THE COURT: Everybody can sit down. 25 By the way, we did have somebody here just checking

4298 Summatior, - Ms. Geddes 1 to see if the sound issue was on our end, and it apparently 2 isn't, so... 3 MS. GEDDES: We got it to work with the second 4 slide, so thank you. THE COURT: Can someone get Mr. Scholar and 5 Mr. Cannick, please? 6 7 MS. BLANK BECKER: I'm going to text them right now, 8 Judge. 9 (Pause.) 10 All right. Let's get the jury, please. THE COURT: THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: All rise. 11 12 (Jury enters.) 13 THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: You may be seated. 14 THE COURT: Okay. Jurors, we are ready to continue with the closing argument by the Government. 15 16 Go ahead, Ms. Geddes. MS. GEDDES: Just finishing up with respect to 17 18 Predicate Act Number 1, Smith -- Demetrius Smith, with the 19 defendant's approval, and for the defendant's benefit, gave a 20 public employee -- an employee at the department of public 21 aid -- property -- \$500 -- in exchange for obtaining a 22 fraudulent identification card with Aaliyah's name and 23 Aaliyah's photo. 24 Under the law, the defendant is legally responsible 25 for the actions of Demetrius Smith, and so you know that the

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Government has proven to you each of the elements of Racketeering Act Number 1.

So I'm going to turn now to Racketeering Act 2, which relates to Stephanie -- the defendant's sexual abuse of Stephanie.

Now, Stephanie, she testified here, and she was 17 years old when she met the 32-year-old defendant; and under the law in place in Illinois, she was legally old enough to consent to sexual contact with the much older defendant, but when the defendant videotaped Stephanie while she was 17 engaged in sexually explicit conduct, that, as the judge will instruct you, is a federal crime, and that's what the defendant did, and that's what Racketeering Act 2 is about. But before I speak to you about how you know that the defendant made the video when Stephanie was 17 and how the Government has proven each of the elements of Racketeering Act 2, we need to back up again to when the defendant first tried to recruit Stephanie.

Now, Stephanie testified -- she told you that she grew up in Chicago and attended the Chicago Academy For the Arts. She since moved out of Chicago, she's gotten married, has kids, and she works in the food and beverage industry, but she told you that the defendant, through a member of his inner circle -- she didn't know who it was -- first approached Stephanie when she was 16 years old at the Rock 'N' Roll

Denist Parist, RPK, CRK Official Court Reporter

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McDonald's in downtown Chicago, and, specifically, she told you that one of the men in the defendant's entourage slipped her the defendant's number; and when she told that man at the Rock 'N' Roll McDonald's where they work that she was just 16 years old, his answer, Not a problem. Stephanie's age of 16 wasn't a problem.

Now, she ignored the defendant then, but the following year, she heard that the defendant was at the Nike store down the block from her job at the Allerton Hotel where she worked as a barista -- and 965 is the map showing you how close the Allerton is to the Nike store -- and she told you this happened in the summer of 1999 shortly after she had graduated from high school, and she was still 17 years old, and it was during a time in her life where she felt at her most vulnerable. She previously endured a sexual assault and abuse from others, and she told you briefly about that. And you saw in evidence a receipt from a Nike Town from -- from the Nike Town store on Michigan Avenue in Chicago that was in the defendant's storage facility for some goods that were purchased on July 30th of '99.

Now, Stephanie told you that she approached the defendant because one of her closest friends, Katherine Lee, was an aspiring singer, and she believed that the defendant could be Katherine's big break. She told you that the defendant gained interest in her friend's music and agreed to

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listen to her sing -- the friend -- but you know, however, that the defendant's interest in Stephanie was always sexual.

During the initial encounter at the Nike store -around the Nike store, he told Stephanie that he liked to
cuddle and asked Stephanie if that would be okay, and the next
time that Stephanie saw the defendant was at the defendant's
studio at Chicago Trax, and that's the one on 865 North
Larrabee, and that was the first time that the defendant had
sex with Stephanie.

Just very briefly, because we're going to talk about the defendant's studios a lot today, you heard from his former studio manager, Tom Arnold, that in the late 1990s until about 2004, the defendant used that studio on 865 North Larrabee, the one in downtown Chicago -- it was initially known as Chicago Trax -- the defendant was using a recording studio within Chicago Trax, but eventually the defendant renamed that studio that was formerly Chicago Trax. He renamed it the Chocolate Factory, but in 2004 -- in 2004, the building holding the former Chicago Trax, and now the defendant's Chocolate Factory, was demolished, and at that time, the defendant started to use his studio at his home at Olympia Fields, and so that's the suburb of Chicago, but the defendant called that studio also the Chocolate Factory, so it can get a little bit confusing, and I'm going to do my best to make clear for you when I'm talking about Chocolate Factory in

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downtown Chicago, the one on Larrabee Street, and when I'm talking about the Chocolate Factory in Olympia Fields.

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So going back to Stephanie, she told you where the studio was where she first met the defendant after the day outside the Nike store, and she told you that it was just off Chicago Avenue in the Cabrini-Green neighborhood, and you see -- that's her testimony at 631, and you see a map of where 865 North Larrabee Street is, and, in fact, it's right as Stephanie described to you, and that's the studio that was later demolished.

Now, Stephanie told you that for a period of about six months, the defendant had sex with Stephanie, and she consented, but she told you that her time with the defendant was a lot more than she had bargained for. She was young and imagined the defendant to be her boyfriend, and she told you that they typically had sex in that room within the Chocolate Factory -- this is the one at Chicago Trax -- she said it was the one on the second floor, and she identified the photos shown in Government's Exhibit 525P, -K, and -J, as the one -as the room where she often met the defendant and where they And she told you, like many others, what sex with had sex. the defendant was like, including how the defendant directed each of their sexual encounters, including the position, and the sounds that she should make during those encounters, and she also told you about some of the humiliating and degrading

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tactics that the defendant used. He would ejaculate on her face, he would tell her -- he would position her body in a particular way and then leave the room, and if she moved when he came back into the room, which would be hours later, if she had moved, he would verbally berate her. Never physically struck her, she testified, but he would show that he was upset, and that's in the transcript at 1638 where she described, you know, that particular humiliation she endured.

She also told you about one particular event where the defendant asked Stephanie to give him oral sex in the backseat of a car, and there were two other people in the front seat, and then he told her that he wanted her to be vocal, to make noise, and she told you that she knew, even though she was deeply embarrassed and thought it was humiliating and degrading what was going on, but that the defendant wanted the people in the car to know that she was giving him oral sex. Just another humiliating -- another means of humiliating her.

And, like others, Stephanie told you that on some occasions, a member of the defendant's inner circle would pick her up or take her home from the studio, and she didn't remember his name, but she told you it was the man shown in Government's Exhibit 23, and other witnesses in this case, Tom Arnold and Nick Williams, identified Government's Exhibit 23 as Big John, and he is shown on the screen -- on the board in

Denise Parisi, RPR, CRR Officiai Court Reporter

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the security section next to Candy -- in between Candy and Ronald Hardy.

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And like many others, Stephanie told you that on two occasions, when she had sexual encounters with the defendant, the defendant recorded them with a video camera. At least one of those two occasions occurred when she was just 17 years old, and she told you that it happened in Chicago, and that's in the Northern District of Illinois, and that is the basis for Racketeering Act 2.

Stephanie told you that she went to the studio, the one on North Larrabee in downtown Chicago, and while she was there, the defendant called her and told her that he was going to pick her up and he was going to make a video of them having sex, and she made clear that it wasn't a request, it was a directive. You might recall that when my colleague asked about what was going through her head when the defendant, quote/unquote, asked her to make a videotape, she answered, He didn't ask me, he told me. And she told you that she was scared and didn't want to make a sex tape with -- didn't want the defendant to make a sex tape of her, but shortly after the call, the defendant did, in fact, pick up Stephanie and brought her to his home in Lincoln Park, so this was a house that the defendant had before the one in Olympia Fields, and you can see that, the 1010 West George, and Stephanie identified Government's Exhibit 501B as the location of the

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house where the defendant took her that day when he made the video.

And Stephanie told you what happened when they arrived at his home. Defendant took out a large video camera -- this is back in 1999 -- so he took out a large video camera and filmed her coming into the door; and, on camera, he told her to take off her clothes and to go over to the sofa, and then he started to vaginally penetrate her from behind, also on camera. And while he was having sexual intercourse with her, he gave her a dildo and instructed her to put that in her mouth, and that, too, he captured on camera.

And Stephanie described the video camera to you. She said, you know, he was holding it, it was a large video camera, and when asked what type of video camera it was, she described it as an old video camera, like you put a VHS casette tape in it in order to record. And, again, later she says he testified, This was a VHS video camera? She says yes.

So using that large VHS video camera, the defendant filmed Stephanie taking off her clothes, penetrating her from behind, and then with a dildo in her mouth as he continued to have sexual intercourse with her in 1999 when she was just 17 years old.

Her friends, Katherine Lee and Richard Ray, confirmed for you what Stephanie told you. Katherine Lee took the witness stand and told you that Stephanie told her about

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meeting the defendant and that Stephanie arranged for
Katherine to audition for him and she told you that this
happened right after they graduated from high school the
spring of '99, which you know was when Stephanie was just 17.

And Katherine Lee also confirmed for you that
Stephanie was sexually active with the defendant. She told
you about an occasion in Florida where the defendant -- where
she and Katherine Lee and Stephanie had traveled to Florida at
the defendant's expense and they went to a studio there, and
she told you that Stephanie told her that the defendant
ejaculated on her face and left it there humiliating her. And
you heard that same story from Jane, who told you about an
instance where she was with the defendant, he ejaculated on
her face and let his semen harden on her face, and then one of
his employees walked into the room humiliating her like he did
to Stephanie.

So you know that the defendant was, in fact, engaged in sexual activity with Stephanie when she was a minor at 17 years old. And you didn't hear from Richard Ray, he didn't come and take the witness stand, but there's no dispute about what Stephanie's friend Richard Ray knew because the Government and the defense entered into a stipulation about his testimony, and that stipulation is in evidence as Government's Exhibit 1007, and you can see in 1007, it says that Stefanie told Richard Ray, who dated Stephanie for a

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couple of years after -- several years -- just after Stephanie stopped seeing the defendant, so Stephanie told Ray that the defendant, quote, videotaped her engaging in sex acts with R. Kelly on two or possibly three occasions, and that included when Stephanie was 17 years old. That's what Richard Ray said.

And Stephanie also told Richard Ray -- this is in the stipulation -- that one of those instances -- one of those occasions where he videotaped her occurred at a town home in Lincoln Park just like Stephanie told you. Richard Ray supported Stephanie's testimony in another way, too. You saw in this -- you see in this stipulation that Stephanie told Richard Ray about a sex act in a car with others, and you know what he was referring to. I just mentioned it. She told you also -- Stephanie told you about that very sex act, that the defendant made her give him oral sex in the back of the car with the others in front humiliating her. And so from Stephanie, Katherine Lee, and Richard Ray, you know that the defendant recorded Stephanie engaging in sexually -- very sexually explicit conduct when she was just 17 years old.

I want to briefly speak about the elements that the Government must prove for you to find this racketeering act proven, and I'm going to put the elements on the slide now and I will show it to you again, but these are going to be the same elements with respect to other racketeering acts

Denise Parisı, RPF, CRF Officiai Court Reporter

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involving other victims.

The first one is that Stephanie was under the age of 18 at the time of the acts alleged in the indictment; the second is that the defendant used, employed, persuaded, induced, or enticed Stephanie to take part in a sexually explicit conduct for the purpose of producing a visual depiction of that contact; and, finally, that the visual depiction -- that recording -- was produced using materials that had been mailed, shipped, or transported in or affecting interstate and foreign commerce.

And you know that the defendant had -- I'm sorry -- you know that the Government has proven those first two elements because Stephanie told you that when she was 17 years old during the summer of 1999, the defendant used that large video camera to make a recording of Stephanie engaged in sexual intercourse with the defendant. And her birth certificate is in evidence as Government's Exhibit 807 showing you that Stephanie's birthday is in October of 1981 and confirming for you that in the summer of 1999, she was just 17 years old. And, again, Stephanie's friends, Katherine Lee and Richard Ray, back up her testimony. And, again, when Stephanie was 17 years old, the defendant was 32 years old, so almost twice her age.

The final element of Racketeering Act 2 is what we call the interstate commerce element, and the judge is going

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to instruct you that the affects on interstate commerce that the Government has to show in order to make this a federal crime can be almost nothing, and the Government has easily satisfied that low burden, because in Government's Exhibit 1006 -- another stipulation that's in evidence and was entered into by the parties -- the parties have agreed that polyester film was a central component of VHS tapes in 1999 -or in or before '99 -- and that the type -- that that type of film, that polyester film, was not produced in the state of Illinois where the defendant made that sexually explicit video of Stephanie when she was 17 years old, and what that means is that the videotape used to make that recording -- the child pornography -- was produced with materials -- the polyester film -- that had been transported in or affecting interstate So it's just as simple as that. commerce. It's the components of something that was made outside the state of Illinois, and it made it into the state of Illinois where the defendant used it to film Stephanie, then the Government has satisfied that element, and so you know that the Government has proven that final element.

(Continued on the following page.)

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(Continuing.) MS. GEDDES: The defendant made a sexually explicit videotape of Stephanie in 1999, when she was just 17 years old, and he used members of the enterprise to recruit her at that McDonald's when she was 16 and used members of the enterprise to drive her on occasion to and from the studio where she met and had sex with the defendant. And that was the same studio where she waited for the defendant before he picked her up to take her to his Lincoln Park home,

9 the one on 1010 West George, and then make the child

pornography videotape of her. That racketeering act,

Racketeering Act 2, has been proven.

Racketeering Acts 3 and 4 relate to Sonja. You'll recall that Sonja, shown here in Government Exhibit 202, was a young 21-year-old aspiring radio broadcaster. And she told you that she and her friend Jerie, Jerie Ortez, met the defendant in a parking lot in Salt Lake City, Utah, where they took the photograph shown in Government Exhibit 202. And it's also in evidence in Government Exhibit 203 because Jerie Ortez also provided a copy of that photograph. And Sonja told you she also met the defendant at the mall parking lot in Salt Lake City. She mustered up the courage to ask him for an interview and he referred her to another member of his crew. She also explained to you that her proposed interview was ultimately declined by the defendant because with her in Salt Lake City and the defendant on his way to Chicago, it would

Andronikh M. Barna, Official Court Reporter, RPR, CRR

have been a phone interview and the defendant and his inner circle didn't want to do a phone interview.

But Sonja told you that during that meeting at the mall, someone slipped her a piece of paper with the defendant's name and telephone number handwritten on it. And she told you that she got it from behind her back, so she couldn't tell you who gave it to her, but she got it and she started to call the number on that piece of paper. And she told you that she called the defendant multiple times in the hopes of getting her big break, arranging for a radio interview with R. Kelly, the defendant.

Now, ultimately, the defendant asked her to travel to Chicago for what she thought was going to be the interview and Sonja told you that the defendant's people, the inner circle, made arrangements for her to fly from her home in Salt Lake City to Chicago, Illinois. And that's in the transcript at 2753. But when she arrived in Chicago, it wasn't at all like she had imagined; her big break turned into her nightmare, and she told you about that nightmare.

Racketeering Act 3 relates to Sonja being secretly confined at the defendant's studio and Racketeering Act 4 relates to the defendant causing Sonja's travel across state lines from Utah to Illinois for the purpose of sexual activity and that that sexual activity was of the type for which the defendant could be charged with a crime. Here, the sexual

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activity was illegal or criminal because it wasn't consensual.

We'll talk more about that, but first I'm going to talk about
how you know that the defendant committed Racketeering Act 3.

And the government, to prove Racketeering Act 3, needs to prove two elements beyond a reasonable doubt. First, that the defendant or, again, someone for whose conduct he's legally responsible for acted knowingly; and second, that the defendant or that person for whose conduct he's legally responsible either secretly confined or caused Sonja to be secretly confined against her will or by deceit or enticement induced Sonja to go from one place to another place, and that when the defendant or somebody else for whose conduct he was responsible for did so, he or someone else intended to secretly confine Sonja against her will. And Judge Donnelly will instruct you, I believe, that confinement, as you hear, just means that the victim had been clearly enclosed within Here, Sonja told you that she was inside of a room within the defendant's studio. And secret confinement, that secret confinement aspect can be shown just by proof of secrecy of either the confinement itself or the place of confinement.

So that's exactly what happened here to Sonja. And before I discuss what happened and how you know it when Sonja was confined at the defendant's studio against her will, I want to first talk about when the -- when Sonja's nightmare

happened.

And also, before I go there, I want to make clear that Sonja identified the studio where this happened as The Chocolate Factory, and she showed you the photo of The Chocolate Factory where it happened. And this is the one at 865 North Larrabee, the one in Downtown Chicago. So when I talk about The Chocolate Factory, that's the one that I'm referring to, that first studio.

So now I want to talk about when this happened. On the screen you can see a summary of telephone calls created from telephone records between Sonja and the defendant's studio on March 11 and March 12th of 2004. Sonja testified that when she went to Chicago in the hopes of finally getting that interview, she was invited to the defendant's studio and she called it The Chocolate Factory. And I already told you that here The Chocolate Factory is the one downtown in Chicago, on Larrabee Street.

Now, the telephone records in evidence give you an idea, a good picture, actually, of when the events related to Sonja occurred at The Chocolate Factory. And to understand the telephone records, I just need to briefly explain to you how you know that each of these phone numbers belongs to Sonja and to The Chocolate Factory. And so you can see in Government Exhibit 151, that it shows contact numbers between a phone number -- an 801 phone number ending in 6116 and then

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with two different 312, the Chicago area code, ending in 5599 and 8005. And you know that the 5599, the one ending in 5599 was The Chocolate Factory because you can see on the screen in Government Exhibit 405 that that phone number is actually listed on that fax cover sheet that's in evidence as a phone number for The Chocolate Factory. And again, The Chocolate Factory on Larrabee. And that's just another piece of paper that was found within the defendant's storage facility many years later.

You also know that the 312 number ending in 8005 is the defendant's phone number because in evidence is Government Exhibit 165, which is another summary chart -- it's not shown on the screen, but it is a summary chart showing the most frequent contacts for that 8005 number. And if you look at that, you will see that the most frequent contacts are contacts associated with the defendant. One of the most frequent contacts is the -- one of the most frequent contacts of the 8005 number is the 5599 number. There's another number that's also listed on an AT&T phone bill that was found within the defendant's storage facility that is in evidence as Government Exhibit 400, which actually lists another phone number associated with the 8005 account, and that one is one ending in 6308. And again, that's another one of the most common phone numbers for the 8005 number. And so you know that both the 5599 one and the 8005 one are related to the

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defendant and specifically to The Chocolate Factory.

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And you also know that that 801 telephone number ending in 6116 is associated with Sonja because also found within the storage facility were messages. Like remember, you heard several witnesses testify that as part of their job operating the phones at The Chocolate Factory, they would handwrite messages for the defendant, and some of those messages were found within the defendant's storage facility. And among those found were messages from Sonja. And her name is blocked out there, but you have the unredacted version in evidence and you will see that that is Sonja's true last name. And so from that you can tell that Sonja had that 801 phone number ending in 6116. And again, going back to Government Exhibit 165, you can see -- or 151, I'm sorry, you can see that there were phone calls between Sonja's number and the two Chocolate Factory numbers on March 11th and March 12th of 2004.

And, now, Sonja told you that when she traveled to Chicago, she took her grandfather's cell phone and she didn't take her own phone, so that 6116 phone number, I submit, is Sonja's own personal cell phone, but that's not the one that she brought with her to Chicago. She told you, though, the phone number for her grandfather and she described it was an 801 number, 801 being the area code in Salt Lake City, ending in 6916, so similar to Sonja's phone, but not exactly. And

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Government Exhibit 156 is another summary chart of phone records, and it shows that on the following day, after those two phone calls that you saw on March 11th and March 12th between Sonja and The Chocolate Factory, Sonja, in fact, began to use her grandfather's phone to call her friends, Charity Torres and Jerie Ortez. And Jerie was the other individual shown in Government Exhibit 202, which is shown on the screen And so you see in evidence, in Government Exhibit 156, that beginning on March 13th, Sonja starts to call her friends, Charity Torres and a Jerie Ortez. And if you look closely at the records in Government Exhibit 138(a), which are just AT&T call detail records showing certain records for Sonja's grandfather's number -- that's the one that she told you she took to Chicago -- you'll see that there were no other communications between Sonja's grandfather's phone and Charity Torres or Jerie Ortez after August of 2003, when Sonja told you, and you saw that photo showing Sonja meeting the defendant. And so the only time that there is contact after that date between the grandfather's phone and her friends is beginning on March 13th and 14th and the 15th. And I will show you those phone records. And so you know that that is when Sonja had her grandfather's phone, when she traveled to Chicago, since that's the time where you see records showing communications with her friends.

You also know that Sonja was in Chicago at The

Chocolate Factory because on March 14th of 2004 and March 15th of 2004 and at no other time Sonja's grandfather's phone was connecting to several different but similar telephone numbers beginning with a 630 area code, and that's an area code used in Chicago, Illinois. And you know -- and I'll show you this, this is shown in Government Exhibit 156. You can see that there are several connections to those 630 numbers, and most of them go (630)831- and then the four digits after that are a little bit different, but you know what those 630 numbers are because -- and by the way, I was saying that the only time you see these connections are on that short time frame in March of 2004.

And there is a stipulation in evidence, Government Exhibit 1011, which indicates that these were -- all those numbers shown in the column under "terminating number," all of those numbers are Verizon Wireless numbers. And in the stipulation it says that they may be routing numbers; Verizon Wireless says that they are Verizon Wireless numbers and they are not assigned to any particular user, but then it also goes on to say that Verizon Wireless uses routing numbers to track a user's roaming using a wireless phone, to track a user's roaming for billing purposes, and that when it does that, it uses telephone numbers that are local to the particular area where the user is roaming.

So here I submit that you know that Sonja was in

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Chicago because numbers with that 630 area code, the Chicago-based area code, were used to route calls and bill Sonja's grandfather for all of those roaming calls. And you'll remember that Sonja told you about how high her grandfather's cell phone bill was when she returned to Utah. That's in the transcript at 2776. And you can see some of those roaming -- the numbers that I submit were used to track those roaming expenses.

So with that backdrop of when this occurred, I want to turn back to what happened when Sonja was confined at The Chocolate Factory. You'll remember how Sonja told you that the defendant arranged and paid for her to be flown from her home in Salt Lake City to his studio in Chicago. And she told you how she spent time preparing for her big interview, which she thought was going to be her big interview in Chicago, planning questions, researching him and even securing a special recording device that she could use to record their interview. Armed with all of that prep, she went to the airport, but unfortunately when she got to the airport, things were a little off schedule. And Government Exhibit 156 shows that the defendant -- I'm sorry, Government Exhibit 156 shows that Sonja used her grandfather's phone to call American Airlines on March 13th, 2004. And that's in evidence, Government Exhibit 138(a), and there's also a stipulation in evidence telling you that that particular number -- it's an

Andronikh M. Barna, Official Court Reporter, RPR, CRR

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800 number -- belongs to American Airlines. And you know why Sonja called American Airlines on March 13th of 2004; she told you that she had -- the defendant had purchased a ticket for her, but she had missed her scheduled flight and so she needed to call to rearrange her flight.

Now, when Sonja arrived in Chicago, she told you that she went to the defendant's recording studio. And again, this is the recording studio at the old Chicago Trax, and she described for you that big barbwire fence that was outside, and you can see that shown in the government exhibit shown on the screen. And she told you what happened when she arrived at The Chocolate Factory. As soon as she got to reception, she encountered a Caucasian man and two African-American males. And someone in that group, in the defendant's inner circle, asked her if she needed, quote, "protection." And she told you that this caught her totally off guard. And she explained she became confused and how finally someone explained what they meant by protection; he was asking if Sonja needed a condom. And Sonja quickly made clear that that wasn't why she was there, she wasn't there for that. And so right then, the defendant's inner circle knew that -- I'm sorry. So right at the outset, the members of the defendant's inner circle made clear that the defendant had brought her there for sexual activity; that's why they offered her the And that was typical of many women and girls who had condoms.

Andronikh M. Barna, Official Court Reporter, RPR, CRR

come to the studio, but Sonja wasn't there for that, and she told you that.

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Even so, Sonja was escorted when she arrived to a small, dim room in The Chocolate Factory where a man went through her luggage and another man made her sign a confidentiality agreement, took her I.D. and made a copy of it across the way. She also told you how someone went through her phone, asking her for names and other details about each of the people she had recently contacted, her closest friends and family members. And after going through her luggage and her phone and getting personal details about her and her family, the man gave her a list of rules, telling her she wasn't allowed to look up, she wasn't allowed to talk to anyone and, most importantly, that she wasn't allowed to leave the room. And that's in the transcript at 2762. And she was then told that the defendant would be there shortly. men left the room, and she told you that she heard the door lock behind them and there she stayed for multiple days, in a room with no windows, where the days and nights ran together for Sonja.

Now, Sonja only went to the defendant's studio once, and it was more than 15 years ago, but her memory of that studio and what happened to her is seared into her brain, I submit. And you know that because she described in vivid detail how she was brought to that room and how, on the few

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occasions that she was permitted to leave the room, the way -the particular pathway she was brought to the bathroom on the
first floor. And then she also told you about being brought,
on one occasion, to a bathroom on the second floor that had a
shower. And these events stood out in her mind, going to the
bathroom, something as mundane as that, because other than
those monitored trips, she was stuck in that small room on the
first floor. And what's significant is that her description
of getting to each of those locations was spot on, and I am
going to show you how you know that.

You saw the floor plans of The Chocolate Factory because they're in evidence. And you also heard Tom Arnold and Nick Williams, who both worked at The Chocolate Factory on North Larrabee, testify about the layout of the studio. And so I want to start with Sonja's testimony about how she got into the room from the entrance. And she told you that she followed them, she walked down, she made a left and then she turned right. And you see on the right-hand side, Government Exhibit 411(a), shows you that exactly at the -- following that exact pathway, that does get to a room. And on that particular government exhibit, another item that was found from the defendant's storage facility, you see that it's marked "Rob." And you also see that right across the hall from the location marked "Rob" is marked with "Tom." And that makes sense because Sonja told you that she heard the copies

Andronikh M. Barna, Official Court Reporter, RPR, CRR

being made. She didn't see anyone making copies, but she had heard the copy machine running. And Tom Arnold -- he's on the board. Tom Arnold told you that he was the former studio manager at The Chocolate Factory and he sometimes made copies of licenses, just like Sonja heard that day.

And Sonja's testimony that she stayed in that particular room, the one marked with "Rob" in 411(a), makes sense given some of Tom Arnold's other testimony. He was talking about the different rooms in The Chocolate Factory where guests would stay, where he would escort -- he and others would escort guests of the defendant's. And he told you that that room, the one marked "Rob" there, was the former office of the prior owner of Chicago Trax. So before The Chocolate Factory was The Chocolate Factory, it was Chicago Trax, and it was owned by someone named Reid Hyams. And after, Tom told you -- Tom Arnold told you that after Mr. Hyams left, it was then used as an office and a lounge, a lounge where sometimes they may have put guests, like Sonja told you she was there.

And you'll see on the floor plan, there is not an obvious door, you just see an opening on the floor plan, but Tom told you that even though the floor plan didn't show it, there was a door, and she described it as being right across from the reception area.

Sonja's memory about where the bathrooms were that

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she was allowed to use was no different. And again on the screen, you can see that same government exhibit, 411(a), along with her testimony. And Sonja told you that when she walked out of the room, she made a left, then she goes down that long hallway. She talked about a dance-studio-like room with mirrors in it and then you go to the right and there is a restroom. And again, this is completely corroborated by what Tom Arnold told you. He told you that in that area -- and I should make clear that there are a couple of different floor plans that are in evidence. On the screen, I've shown you the floor plan that's in evidence as Government Exhibit 411(a), but Tom Arnold also provided the government with a floor plan that he had in his belongings, and that floor plan is marked as Government Exhibit 235. And if you compare 235 and 411(a), you will see that they are identical, with the exception that they don't have those handwritten notations that are shown in Government Exhibit 411. So Tom Arnold, using Government Exhibit 235, the other floor plan, told you that that area that's marked "Rockland Records" was another room that guests would be escorted to, and so it makes sense that Sonja would have walked through that room to get to the bathroom.

And finally, Sonja also told you about the bathroom on the second floor, and she told you how she was escorted up a tiny flight of stairs and at the very top and to the right there was a bathroom. And you see that this is in evidence as

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410(a). The second floor of Chicago Trax is 410(a), the first floor was 411(a). You see that pathway is exactly how one would get to what's marked as a restroom on Government Exhibit 410(a). And what's important is that Tom Arnold and Nick Williams, the two employees who testified that they worked at that very studio that -- about a restroom in Chicago Trax -- or the old Chicago Trax, now The Chocolate Factory or then The Chocolate Factory, that had a shower. And Tom Arnold, during his testimony, identified where on the floor plan was the restroom with the shower, and you'll see that he identified it as the one shown in 410(a) and marked with the restroom area. And you also saw photographs of that bathroom, 525(s), and Nick Williams and Tom Arnold identified that as the bathroom with the shower in it. That was the one that was accessible to the public, not someone's private bathroom within the -- in Chicago Trax.

In addition, you know that Sonja was at -- so in addition to her very vivid and accurate memory of where each of these locations were in this place that she had only been once, you know that Sonja was at that studio for another reason. She testified that she was greeted by a Caucasian man when she entered the studio and it was late in the evening. And, you know, it makes sense because the defendant had runners working for him 24 hours a day, and you heard from a couple of individuals that there were shifts that they would

work. Nick Williams was one of those individuals who testified about the shifts. And here you can actually see a time sheet that was recovered from the storage facility covering that period of time where Sonja's grandfather's cell phone was hitting off of those Chicago routing numbers, and you can see that Nick Williams was one of the individuals who was working that day. And that's in evidence as Government Exhibit 405.

Now, I told you that one of the elements the government has to prove for Racketeering Act 3 is that Sonja was secretly confined, and you know that she was. Sonja told you that after she was first escorted into that room, the one that I showed you that was marked with the name "Rob," she heard the door lock and that when she tried to open the door from the inside, it wouldn't budge. To get someone's attention, she told you she had to bang on the door and she had to call the reception area from the phone in that room where she was staying. And she told you that she repeatedly asked to leave and she was told she couldn't, not without the defendant's permission, and the defendant hadn't given her permission to leave.

Now, as we discussed, Sonja had a cell phone on her, but Sonja told you why she didn't call the police. And you know why. As soon as she got there, the defendant's employees not only took her I.D. and so know where she and her young

child lived at that time, the address is listed on the I.D., but also had information about some of her closest family members because someone had been going through those phone numbers called on her phone. And so there she was in a strange city, in a studio with a big star, and she told you that between the fear of reprisal and no one believing her, she just did her best to do what she could to get them to let her go, those people at The Chocolate Factory.

And you can see on the screen there's testimony from Sonja where my colleague asked her: You know, at some point you banged on the door. What, if anything else, did you do to try to get the attention of the defendant's employees?

And she answered: Just knocked and banged on the door. I called numerous times. I asked to be let out. I asked to go to the restroom. You know, whatever I could, I was doing it.

And then continuing, she says -- the question is:
When you made those requests to leave the room and for food,
water and to use the bathroom, what, if anything, did the
person answering the phone say to you in response?

And the answer, which became a refrain at this trial, was she had to get it cleared. Basically would have to get it approved and somebody would have to come and walk me from my room to the restroom.

And then my colleague asked: Did they say who it

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    needed to be approved by?
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               Mr. Kelly, the defendant. That's the answer.
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               (Continued on the next page.)
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MS. GEDDES: (Continuing) Sonja told you. It was supported by other testimony in the case. The testimony of Nick Williams and Tom Arnold.

Nick Williams told you that the defendant's female guests at the studio would include Sonja were "absolutely not" allowed to move freely around the studio and that another employee like Big John on the screen or Donnie Lyle would have to escort guests to the bathroom or to leave the studio. Nick Williams also told you that he generally contacted the defendant for approval before doing much of anything, especially when it came to the defendant's female guests. Tom Arnold went even further. He told you that when a guest wanted to leave, he contacted the defendant for further instructions. And that's in the transcript at 1338 to 1340.

So based on all of that, it rings true when Sonja testified that when she tries to leave, the person answering the phones told her they needed to reach out to the defendant and when they couldn't get in contact with the defendant or perhaps the defendant denied her permission to leave, she had no choice. She had to stay.

And now, it makes no difference that Sonja had no contact with the defendant for most of the time that she was locked in that room because as I talked about before, under the law, the defendant doesn't always have to be the person who placed or locked Sonja in the room by herself. Over the

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past several weeks, you heard from witness after witness who's told you that the defendant and no one else called the shots. He had standing orders, especially regarding his female guests, and he expected his employees and inner circle to follow those rules. And they did that.

As Nick Williams told you, the defendant directed what room to place a guest in at the studio. The defendant decided when it was okay for a female guest to eat. He decided when it was okay for a female guest to move around the studio to use a restroom. And he decided when it was okay to leave. That's how he operated and his employees and inner circle carried his instructions out and it was no different for Sonja.

So based on all of this testimony, you know that when Sonja was in that room for a period of days, she was there because the defendant wanted her in that room, because the defendant directed his employees that that was where she should be escorted to and that's where she should stay.

Now, various witnesses have talked to you about that electric fence covered in barbed wire that surrounded the studio on Larrabee Street in that photo that's in evidence.

Nick Williams talked to you about how a button needed to be pushed in order to open that gate for anyone to get in or out of the studio.

Sonja also told you about passing through the barbed

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wire fence surrounding the studio when she first arrived. 1 2

And, again, you saw photographs of the fence.

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They're in evidence that I showed you a few minutes ago, 545(v) and (u).

So without the defendant's authorization to let her leave, the employees kept her there in that small black windowless room for a period of days in a studio surrounded by that barbed wire fence. That was her place of secret confinement in a strange city she had never visited before with no ability to leave despite her rejected pleas to let her do, repeated pleas, excuse me, also rejected, to let her do just that.

Now, you can find that the defendant secretly confined Sonja in multiple ways, not just by the location where she was kept in that Chocolate Factory room, but also by the fact that the defendant or his employees intended to secretly confine Sonja against her will when the defendant, through deceit, and this is the language in the statute, through deceit or enticement, induced Sonja to travel from her home in Utah to Chicago and you know that's what happened here.

The defendant lured Sonja to Chicago under totally false pretenses. He had her travel there pretending that he was promising that she was going to get an interview from him, but you know from everything that you've learned in this

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trial, that the defendant had no intention of doing that. He brought her there for sex. She just didn't know it.

And you know the defendant's intentions because of what happened once she arrives. We talked about how the defendant's employees offered her condoms right when she walked through the door. Then she was held there for days and the only time that the defendant came to see Sonja, Sonja wakes up and sees the defendant doing up his pants and we'll talk about that in a moment.

So you know that the defendant and his employees intended to secretly confine Sonja when they walked locked her in that room and you know this because of what they did to keep her being there a secret.

You heard that they brought her into this room, had her sign a confidentiality agreement, told her not to tell anyone about what was happening in the studio, they gave her a list of rules to follow and they locked the door. So faced with these threatening actions and instructions by the employees, including taking down the names and the details of her loved ones that were listed her phone, made clear to her that she shouldn't be speaking to anybody and that's exactly what the defendant and his employees intended.

Now, I reviewed for you that Sonja told you exactly what happened that weekend in Chicago and you know that what she told you is what happened because her testimony was

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supported by so much other evidence. I've already explained some of that to you like the pathways that she recalled that were accurate, but you've also heard about stipulations in evidence showing that her two friends, Jerie Ortez and Charity Torres, said about what happened when Sonja met the defendant and when she traveled to Chicago. Those stipulations are in evidence as if they both came to court and testified before you. There is no dispute at all of what these two women would say that they learned from Sonja. That's what a stipulation is.

So I want to first talk about Government Exhibit 1009. That's a stipulation regarding Jerie Ortez.

You'll see on the screen that Jerie Ortez said that while Sonja was in Chicago, Sonja contacted Ortez by telephone and Sonja was nervous on the call and whispered. Sonja told Ortez that she was in a room and could not leave, just as she told you. Sonja also told Ortez that Kelly's team had taken her belongings and put Sonja in a room where she was waiting alone. Sonja also told Ortez that she had to ask Kelly or his security team for permission to go to the bathroom and she told Ortez that she only saw Kelly for a brief period of time when she was in Chicago.

It goes on to say, Ortez believed that Sonja was in Chicago for approximately four days and when Sonja returned to Utah, Sonja didn't speak to Ortez much about what happened but

she did tell Ortez that it was "a horrible experience."

Government Exhibit 1008 is similar. It's another stipulation and this is a stipulation regarding what Charity Torres said Sonja told her. Charity Torres and Jerie Ortez were Sonja's close friends back then.

You'll recall that in Government Exhibit 202, that was the photograph I started off by showing you, Jerie Ortez was the other woman in the screen. Charity Torres is another close friend.

In 1008, Torres reported that one day after Sonja flew to Chicago, Sonja called Charity Torres and was upset and very scared. Sonja told Torres that Kelly's people took Sonja's belongings and that Sonja was in a room by herself and was not permitted to leave. Sonja also told Charity Torres that Kelly's people told her that Kelly was recording music and couldn't see Sonja at the time and that she would have to wait and that Sonja also told Charity Torres that she had asked to go to the bathroom and hadn't eaten. And, finally, Sonja told Charity that Sonja, that she could hear people having sex.

That's what she learned while Sonja was in Chicago. She also talked to Sonja when she returned home and that's in paragraph H and it says -- and paragraph H isn't shown here but it's in evidence and you'll have it with you.

What it says is that when Sonja returned home, Sonja

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was very upset about what happened in Chicago. Sonja did not want to talk about what happened while she was in Chicago visiting the defendant. And Sonja said to Torres, Charity Torres, that Sonja wanted nothing to do with Kelly, the defendant, ever again.

You also know that what Sonja told you happened is what happened based on the phone records or you're seeing the phone records now, I believe.

This is in evidence as Government Exhibit 150 and these are call records for Sonja's grandfather's phone, the one she borrowed, the one ending in 6916, and they show communications on that phone between March 13th of 2004 and March 16th of 2004. This is only one page of that exhibit but you'll have the whole exhibit there.

You can see that in blue are the calls to American Airlines. I talked earlier about that first call when Sonja misses her flight and needs to rearrange it so that makes sense, but you also see her phone conversations with her friends Charity Torres and Jerie Ortez which explain to you how they were able to provide the information that they provided to you in those two stipulations.

So in peach are the calls to Charity Torres and in gray are the calls to Jerie Ortez. And you know that those were their telephone numbers because Jerie Torres told you in the stipulation what her telephone number was ending in 7167

and Jerie Ortez told you where her mother lived and there is a subscriber record in evidence for a phone number that links to that same address and individual and that's in evidence as Government Exhibit 136.

So on these records shown in 150, you see the phone calls to Charity and Jerie just like Sonja told you.

So let me turn to Racketeering Act 4. So I've talked to you about the secret confinement and how you know that Sonja was secretly confined on account of the defendant in the Chocolate Factory, but the second part is Racketeering Act 4 which is the transportation of Sonja for the purpose of sexual activity. It has to be illegal sexual activity meaning of the type that a person can be charged with a criminal offense.

There are two sub predicates and they're very similar but I'm going to address the differences briefly.

For Racketeering Act 4A, the government needs to prove two different elements: One, that the defendant knowingly transported or caused the transportation of Sonja in interstate commerce, that just means across state lines, and, two, that the defendant transported Sonja with the intent that he would engage in sexual activity with Sonja and that for that sexual activity, a person can be charged with a criminal offense.

Now, it's important before I go on for you to

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understand that the sexual activity for these purposes does not need to be sexual intercourse. It's sufficient that the defendant fondle Sonja's genital area. That qualifies as sexual activity under the law and it's defined, it will be defined in the Judge's instructions for you.

Government Exhibit -- I'm sorry -- Racketeering

Act 4B is very similar, we'll call that coercion of Sonja to travel, and there, again, the government needs to prove that the defendant knowingly persuaded or induced or enticed Sonja to travel in interstate commerce, meaning across state lines, that Sonja, in fact, traveled in interstate commerce and, three, that the defendant acted with the intent that -- I'm sorry -- that the defendant acted with intent that he engage in illegal sexual activity with Sonja.

So I'm going to first speak about the travel components of 4A and 4B.

As I mentioned a few minutes ago, Sonja told you that the defendant caused her to be transported from her home in Utah to Chicago and he also enticed her to travel there because he told her that she was going to come for an interview and so that satisfies that travel element of 4A and 4B.

You know all this because she told you that the defendant arranged for her to come, that they paid for her airline tickets and that she, in fact, traveled. You also saw

that call to American Airlines supporting that she, in fact, traveled that day.

So based on that testimony and the other evidence that I previously reviewed with you, you know that Sonja did, in fact, travel from Utah to Chicago. The government has proven that so the government has proven that component of the Racketeering Act 4. So the only remaining requirement for those two racketeering predicates, those two sub predicates to Racketeering Act 4A and 4B is that the purpose of the travel was for sexual activity for which an individual could be charged with a criminal offense.

You know the reason that the defendant flew Sonja to Chicago. You've heard from witness after witness including people in the defendant's inner circle as well as some of the women and girls themselves who told you that the defendant regularly flew in guests for the purposes of sexual activity. He met them at the malls, concerts and other events, and then flew them from across the country to stay with him at his recording studio, at his residence, at a nearby hotel. You heard from Tom Arnold, Diana Copeland, Cheryl Mack and the Mayweather sisters, a part of their jobs were to arrange travel for these guests.

Again, there can be little dispute of the reason given all the evidence that you heard in this case of why the defendant flew in these women. Defendant wasted no time when

he actually encountered these female guests, quickly engaging in sexual activity and as we discussed, the members of the defendant's inner circle who met Sonja when they first arrived, they asked her if she needed protection. So everyone knew or believed they knew why Sonja was there since the first question they asked her was if she needed condoms or protection.

So with respect to Racketeering Acts 4A and 4B, the sexual acts, the sexual activity was criminal for three different reasons. You have to agree on which of the circumstance occurred but you only need to find that one of these circumstances were present for you to find this part of Racketeering Act 4A or 4B proven, but I submit that you learned that it's criminal for each of the reasons.

So these are the three reasons why the sexual activity was criminal with respect to Sonja. Number one, Sonja wasn't physically able to consent to sexual activity. Number two, it happened during the course of that secret confinement which we've already discussed. And number three, it happened after Sonja was drugged. You heard her talk and we'll talk more about it in a moment that she had that Chinese food and the soda and that caused her to immediately lose consciousness and fall asleep. The government has proven each of these.

Now, Sonja testified that in the room, in that small

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room, the one that I submit was labeled with the name "Rob," there was a book with menus.

Government Exhibit 499 is a three-ring binder just as Sonja told you that was found in the storage facility that the defendant used and it's labeled "Menus." You can also see on Government Exhibit 499 which is just an excerpt from within that, among the menus included, there are lots of them, there are also ones for Chinese food.

So Sonja told you that she had been asking for food for a long time but none was coming but, eventually, she was able to pick out a location. She selected Chinese food and after what she described as seemingly forever, she was brought the food.

Sonja told you that despite being starving and, you know, having wanted food for a really long time, she, as soon as she took a few bites of that Chinese food that she had received, she became extremely full and tired and she didn't know how that fatigue came on so suddenly. She didn't recall falling asleep and she didn't even know how she got from the table where she had been eating the Chinese food to the couch where she eventually woke up sometime later, but she told you what happened when she came to.

She was confused, she woke up in a bit of a haze, and she saw the defendant. This was the first and only time that she saw the defendant in Chicago. And she told you what

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he was doing. He was doing up his pants. And she saw and realized that the underwear that she had been wearing while she was eating, while she had been in that room, had been removed and they were at the other end of the couch. She told you unequivocally that she was not the one who removed her underwear. She also noticed a wetness in her vaginal area and on her thighs.

Ladies and gentlemen, you know what happened in that room and she did too. She told you that she knew her body and based on how she felt and what she saw and all the other circumstances, she knew she had been touched sexually. And you know that what Sonja told you is what happened inside the defendant's studio because of all the other evidence that you saw supporting it.

A few minutes ago, I spent a considerable amount of time explaining how Sonja's testimony was backed up and I'm not going to go over that again now but I want to just take a moment and remind you about a similar situation that you heard about during this trial.

You heard from Louis. On the screen is a photograph of Louis taken when he was younger but Sonja's testimony was, you know, eerily similar to what Louis told you.

Now, his memory was fuzzy but he told you that he recalled attending a party at the defendant's residence in Olympia Fields and waking up the next morning to find the

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Summation - Geddes

defendant in the room with his pants unbuttoned, with his own pants, Louis's own pants unbuttoned, and he told you that he believed that the defendant had given him oral sex despite that he wasn't conscious or awake to consent to such activity.

Sonja too told you that the defendant had sexual contact with her despite that she wasn't conscious or awake to consent to it.

I told you earlier that there were three separate bases for how the sexual contact was illegal. First, I told you that how you know it was illegal was because she couldn't consent to it. I'm sorry.

First, I just told you how you know that it was illegal because she couldn't physically, she wasn't physically awake to consent to it. Second, it was illegal because the defendant had sexual contact with Sonja during the course of that secret confinement and she didn't consent to it. And, finally, the sexual contact was illegal because it happened after someone in the defendant's inner circle drugged her.

You know that she was drugged with something secreted in her food or her drink because she told you that despite being starving, not having eaten for over a day, she felt immediately full and extremely tired after just taking a single bite or a couple of bites and a few sips of the drink. And you know that this sudden fatigue came out of nowhere because there was something -- you know where it came from.

There was something in her food or drink.

So the defendant is guilty of this predicate act under that theory as well. Again, you don't need to find all three. You only need to find one to find this predicate proven but the evidence is clear. She wasn't conscious. Whatever the reason, she could not and did not consent to the defendant's sexual contact with her.

Finally, you know that the defendant's sexual contact with Sonja was illegal because of what happened right after the defendant left the room after barely saying a few words to her.

One of his employees came in and made Sonja sign another confidentiality agreement before saying that she could go and arranging her return ticket. Not only that, he threatened her, scaring her into silence, telling her not to speak with anyone, not even her closest friends or grandparents about what had happened. His exact words, he told her: Don't fuck with Mr. Kelly.

You've heard a lot -- you've heard Mr. Kelly say that a few times and I've already talked about that.

Based on all of this evidence, the government has proven this racketeering act so you know, so I checked off both 3 and 4, the secret confinement as well as the Mann Act violation.

I should have said this earlier but the

Summation - Geddes transportation counts that we talked about are also called Mann Act violations so that's why I've written them here as Mann Act violations. I want to now turn to Jerhonda. Jerhonda Johnson Pace told you that she first saw the defendant when she was just 14 years old. (Continued on next page.)

Summation - Ms. Geddes

(Continuing.)

MS. GEDDES: She remembered that it was on April Fool's Day, just a couple of weeks before her 15th birthday, and she and her friend, Keyonia Jones attended a court proceeding on a regular basis for almost two months and they attended that court proceeding supporting the defendant. And there was a defense exhibit -- Defense Exhibit E, I believe -- where the media took notice of Jerhonda attending this Court proceeding, and she was actually in the newspaper, so the media noticed, but so, too, did the defendant. So that was in 2008.

Fast forward a year, the defendant's close friend,

Jermaine Maxey -- he's also known as Bubba -- reached out to

Jerhonda on My Space -- that's just an application that was

then popular for sharing music, supporting musical stars -
and Bubba invited Jerhonda to a party at the defendant's house

in Olympia Fields; and Jerhonda, a big fan of the defendant

back then, jumped at the opportunity; and in Government's

Exhibit 148, you see phone records showing telephone contact

between Jerhonda and Bubby -- sorry -- Bubba, whose real name

is Jermaine Maxey, so it shows phone contact on May 30th, 2009

just as she told you that they had had.

So, remember, in 2008, she's attending the court proceeding for a couple of months, fast forward a year to May or June of 2009 is where she first goes to a party at the

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defendant's residence. And, again, you see the phone contacts between her and Bubba supporting what she told you.

Now, at that party, at the defendants house -- this is the one that Bubba invited her to -- Jerhonda met the defendant again, and she told you that she exchanged numbers with him, and the defendant recognized Jerhonda from court from the prior year, and it was during that first party that the defendant also asked Jerhonda's age, and she claimed to him at that time that she was 19 years old, but she was really just 16 years old and actually had just turned 16 in April of that year, and Jerhonda told you that after the party, the defendant and Jerhonda began to speak by phone and that the defendant invited her to come back to his house. At this time, he had one of his employees -- his inner circle -- pick She told you that someone picked her up in a red and her up. black Chrysler 300, and Tom Arnold told you that the defendant had that red and black Chrysler 300. And you also see as part of Government's Exhibit 912B that, in fact, the defendant had it, that Chrysler 300 -- this one was purchased in 2007, so making sense that he had it in 2009 -- and that was used to pick up Jerhonda, she told you.

Now, Jerhonda only remembered the first name of that employee who picked her up -- she remembered it as Anthony -- and she identified a photo of Government's Exhibit 34 as a photo of Anthony. And you know who that was? That was

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Anthony Navarro. Government's Exhibit 34 is in evidence, and he testified in this trial, in the very beginning of the trial. And Navarro testified that he also recognized Jerhonda as somebody that he had seen at the studio, and that's in the transcript at 508 and 509.

Jerhonda told you about her first time with the defendant, so after they speak at the party -- she told them she was 19 when she's actually 16 -- they exchange phone numbers, and then they speak by telephone, and the defendant invites Jerhonda over to his home. And so he had told her to bring a bathing suit, and when she got to the residence, she goes into the pool area of the defendant's house, and there he instructed her to play a game that he created where she would walk toward him and then away from him, and each time he wanted her to take off one item of clothing, and she told you she was wearing a two-piece bathing suit. And once she had removed all of her clothing, he grabbed her and he started to give her oral sex, she told you.

Now, she told you that she -- at that first party, she didn't tell the truth about her age, but she also told you that she came clean when the defendant started to give her oral sex during that first time that she goes -- well, it's the second time that she's at Olympia Fields, the first time she's at the party -- and she told you how she told the defendant about her true age. She said she showed him her

Summation - Ms. Geddes

ID -- her state ID card, and she told you that she had gotten that state ID card as a gift from her step dad for her 16th birthday, and you saw a record, which is in evidence as Government's Exhibit 820, showing that Jerhonda had, in fact, received a state ID card on April 22nd of 2009, just a few days after her 16th birthday and a couple of weeks before she meets the defendant. And you know that it's a state ID because you -- Special Agent Chabot testified that when the driver's license ID ends in a letter -- here, J -- that indicates a state ID. When it begins with a letter, that indicates a driver's license.

Now, when Jerhonda came clean and told the defendant that she was just 16 years old, his reaction: Not a problem. She told you -- and this is in the transcript at 124 -- I asked her: How, if at all, did the defendant respond when you told him your true age of being just 16 years old? And she answered: He asked me, What is that supposed to mean? And he told me to continue to tell everyone that I was 19 and to act 21. And when she told him, she gave him oral sex, and they -- he then penetrated her vaginally, she told you. And she told you that they then started to have sex nearly every time she saw him thereafter.

Now, the defendant's reaction to learning Jerhonda's true age is hardly a surprise. Faith -- and we'll talk more about her testimony later -- Faith told you that when she

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truthfully told the defendant that she was 19 years old, he said -- his response was: You can tell me if you are just 16 years old. That's in the transcript at 2174. And just a few years before the defendant invited Jerhonda over, in March of 2006, the defendant also had no problem when Alexis, the woman from Jacksonville, told you that her -- I'm sorry -when Alexis told the defendant her true age of 15 years old. And, remember, Alexis testified at this trial, and she told you that she met the defendant after she attended that concert in Jacksonville with her family, and, like many witnesses, Alexis did not want to testify before you, and you heard her responses to my questions. She did her best to protect the defendant, but even she had to admit that when she met him at 15, they started to communicate by phone, and there are phone records that support just that, and that then the defendant then started to fly her to his house in Chicago, including a time where she told you she lost her luggage, and from phone records, you can see that that happened when she was just 16 years old.

Now, Jerhonda told you -- going back to Jerhonda, Jerhonda told you about other aspects of this six months that she spent with the defendant. Now, she was the first witness to testify in what I suspect has seemed like a long trial, but since then, you have heard witness after witness tell you the same thing. Like others, Jerhonda told you that the defendant

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Summation - Ms. Geddes

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had to write letters containing false information; and at his direction, she then gave him those letters so that he could use them if he ever chose to do so. Like others, Jerhonda told you that the defendant was in full control of their sexual encounters and how he told her that he was going to train her on how to please him sexually. Like others, Jerhonda told you that the defendant directed her to wear baggy clothes and told her that she couldn't leave the room where she was in without getting his permission. And like others, the defendant summoned Jerhonda to the tour bus so that she could meet Juice -- one of the defendant's girlfriends who there's been a lot of testimony about -- so she could meet juice and had both Jerhonda and Juice give him oral sex. Like others, Jerhonda told you that he didn't use a condom when they had sex and that she eventually contracted herpes during that six-month period that she was with the defendant. And like others, Jerhonda told you about the defendant's violent temper and how he physically assaulted her when she went against his wishes, including something as mundane as supporting the Cavaliers instead of the Chicago Bulls. With that backdrop, I want to talk about the

With that backdrop, I want to talk about the racketeering acts related to Jerhonda. There are three of them. Racketeering Acts 5, 6, and 7.

I'm going to first talk about Racketeering Act 5,

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that's the defendant's coercion of Jerhonda's Pace. It's another one of those Mann Act violations.

So the coercion of Jerhonda Pace, a minor, to engage in illegal sexual activity using a facility of interstate commerce. Here, the sexual activity was illegal because Jerhonda, at 16 years old, was too young to consent to sexual activity in the state of Illinois, which is where she interacted with the defendant. So for this racketeering act, the Government has to prove the following four elements: That the defendant used a facility of interstate commerce; that the defendant knowingly persuaded or induced or enticed or coerced Jerhonda to engage in sexual activity; that the sexual activity would violate Illinois law; and that Jerhonda was less than 18 years old.

Now, I want to talk about the third and fourth elements first.

There's no dispute that between May of 2009 when the defendant met Jerhonda in January of 2009 -- I'm sorry -- January of 2010 when the defendant -- when Jerhonda stopped spending time with the defendant, that Jerhonda was just 16 years old. She's under 18. Because --

MR. CANNICK: I have an objection to that.

THE COURT: Overruled.

MS. GEDDES: Because Jerhonda was 16 years old, sexual penetration between Jerhonda and the defendant would be

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illegal, provided that the defendant was five years older than Jerhonda, and you can see from the birth certificates, as well as Jerhonda's testimony, that there's no reasonable dispute about any of that. During that time period that the defendant was with Jerhonda, the defendant was 42, Jerhonda was 16.

Now, the Government also has to show that the defendant did not reasonably but wrongly believe that Jerhonda was 17 or older. Meaning, if the defendant really believed that Jerhonda was 17 and that was reasonable, then he wouldn't be guilty of this predicate act, but Jerhonda told you that she wasn't initially truthful with the defendant about her She said she was 19 when she was actually 16. after he starts to give her oral sex, she told you that she had to tell him the truth, and she decided to tell him the truth, and I already talked about her showing the defendant a copy of her state ID, not -- I mean, her actual state ID. You saw the record related to it. And so I submit that, based on her testimony, you know that defendant knew Jerhonda's true age and so certainly didn't have a reasonable belief that her defense -- that he thought Jerhonda was older.

Now, you also know that the defendant knowingly persuaded Jerhonda to engage in sexual activity. She told you that. But I want to talk about some of the other evidence that backs up what Jerhonda told you, and there is a lot.

Now, defense counsel, in her opening, told you that

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you wouldn't see a single text message between the defendant and Jerhonda. And in cross-examination, defense counsel accused Jerhonda of being, quote, stalker. They were wrong, and you know it. You know it, for one, because you saw Government's Exhibit 210(0). This is a text message that was recovered from Jerhonda's phone from the defendant, telephone number ending in 9300; message was, please call; and that

phone -- that text message was found on Jerhonda's cell phone, which she provided to the Government, and you saw it in

10 evidence as Government's Exhibit 241.

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There can be no serious dispute that Jerhonda spent a lot of time at the defendant's house in Olympia Fields, and I would like you -- and, again, it's a long time ago, I know, but I want you to recall the precision and the accuracy with which Jerhonda described Olympia Fields. At one point during my questions of Jerhonda, I asked her to describe the studio, and I submit, if you can go back that far, which seems like a long time ago, you could see her literally visualizing the studio as she describes the studio, and it's in evidence --I'm sorry, it's in the transcript as 170, and I won't read through it, but she described exactly the layout of that basement area of the Olympia Fields, and she described it because she had been there, and she's been there on several occasions in that time period when she spent time with the defendant. And you know that what she said was accurate

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Summation - Ms. Geddes

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because Tom Arnold, the defendant's long time studio manager, told you the same thing. He described the same layout that Jerhonda told you.

But you also know that Jerhonda -- that what Jerhonda was true because it was backed up by so much other I'm going to talk about that, but to just quick evidence. take you through, there was DNA evidence, the phone records, screenshots from her phone -- that's the one that's in evidence as Government's Exhibit 241 -- and then all of the information she told you that was exactly right. She knew about the defendant's 2009 trip to South Africa. She told you that she introduced the defendant to Dominique. She told you that the police came to the defendant's house in search of Dominique in June of 2009, and she showed you those photos that she took in the mirror room. That's the room on the first floor. They're in evidence as Government's Exhibit 908A through -E.

So I want to talk briefly about each of those things that support what Jerhonda told you.

You know what Jerhonda told you about her time is true because you saw the DNA evidence directly confirming that she had a sexual encounter with the defendant when she was just 16 years old. Jerhonda told you that she used her T-shirt -- this one, shown -- the actual T-shirt is in evidence, but here's a photograph of it in Government's

Summation - Ms. Geddes

Exhibit 241A, and she told you that she used the T-shirt to wipe semen off of her face when she last saw the defendant in January of 2010. And she told you that she provided that T-shirt to her attorney at the Loggans law firm -- Susan Loggans' law firm. And from a stipulation that's in evidence as Government's Exhibit 1015, you know that Jerhonda's next attorney, David Fish, retrieved the T-shirt from the Loggans law firm in 2013, he kept it for a period of years until he returned it to Jerhonda in 2017. And that next day, according to stipulation, undisputed, Jerhonda turns that T-shirt over to a detective with the Olympia Fields Police Department who then keeps it for a period of years until finally in 2019, it's transferred to an investigator, and then to the Illinois State Police.

And you will recall Veronica Jackson, she was a forensic scientist who testified by video. She told you that she reviewed Government's Exhibit 241 for the presence of biological fluids, and she told you that when she did that, she obtained several samples -- or a couple of samples of what appeared to be semen and she then put it under the microscope and saw that there was, in fact, sperm there, and she said there was a lot of it, and that after that, she then provided it to another individual for it to be DNA tested. And you heard from that witness, too, Yongei Wu, another forensic scientist at the Illinois State Police, who told you that the

Denise Parisı, RPF, CRF Officiai Court Reporter

	Summation - Ms. Geddes 4355	
1	DNA profile that he generated on the T-shirt matched the DNA	
2	profile of the defendant.	
3	(Continued on the following page.)	
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Summation - Geddes

(Continuing.)

MS. GEDDES: And then he went further and he calculated the statistical likelihood that he would randomly find that DNA profile in the population. And he provided some really, really big numbers, and one of them is on the screen. But he said that the statistical probability of randomly finding that profile was 11 decillion. And he told you that 11 decillion is 11 followed by 33 zeros. And he then went on to say that there are only 7.2 billion people on this earth, and so it would take more than a million billion, billion earths to get to 11 decillion. The defendant's DNA was on Government Exhibit 241 and it was on there because the defendant had a sexual encounter with Jerhonda when she was 16 years old and she happened to have used that t-shirt to wipe off his semen.

Jerhonda's account is also fully supported by the phone records. I already talked about the initial contact between Jerhonda and Bubba, the defendant's long-time friend, but you also -- the phone records also show regular contact between Jerhonda and the defendant between June of 2009, when she says she met him -- probably May 30th, 2009 based on those other phone records -- and January of 2010. We'll talk about those phone records in a moment.

Jerhonda also told you that at the defendant's request, he gave the defendant a phone number for one of her

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friends, Dominique. And she told you that she had met Dominique on a fan page for the defendant. It was a Myspace fan page for the defendant. And she told you that she gave the defendant Dominique's phone number. And in evidence is an e-mail, and I showed you this e-mail earlier today, from June 4th of 2009, just a couple of days after the defendant and Jerhonda met, so supporting what she told you. And it shows one of the defendant's runners arranging for someone to pick up someone at a particular location. And there's a phone number for that individual. There's not a name, but you know who that phone number was for because there is a subscriber record in evidence which shows -- Government Exhibit 106, which shows that the subscriber for that phone number back then, at the time of the e-mail, was a particular individual, and then you can see that that individual is listed as the mother of Dominique in Government Exhibit 817. And Dominique

Jerhonda also told you about something else that she knew from her time at Olympia Fields. She told you that when she was there, she was in the defendant's safari room. She overheard the defendant say that there was a police officer at the gate, and that was the gate of the Olympia Fields residence. And that police officer, she heard, was looking for 17-year-old Dominique. And you know from Dominique's birth certificate that in June of 2009, she was seventeen.

is now shown on the screen as Government Exhibit 69.

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And you heard from that police officer, Police

Officer Garrick Amschl. He told you the same thing. He
responded on the evening of June 13th of 2009. He went to the
defendant's residence in Olympia Fields, looking for the
17-year-old Dominique, and there he encountered security,
security shown on the board. And the security referred
Officer Amschl to the defendant's business manager, and
Officer Amschl provided a phone number for that business
manager. And that phone number is listed in Government
Exhibit 152, which is a subscriber record, and it belonged to
Derrel McDavid, the defendant's business manager and
accountant. So Jerhonda knew all that, again, because she was
there.

You'll also recall that Jerhonda told you in June of 2009, so shortly after she met him, the defendant traveled to South Africa for a few weeks. And just like she told you, Government Exhibit 635 are records from Customs and Border Protection showing the defendant leaving the country on June 15th of 2009 and not returning until June 6th -- I'm sorry, July 6th of 2009. And now these records show that he traveled to London, but Tom Arnold, who was the defendant's studio manager, told you that that year, in June or July of 2009, he traveled with the defendant to South Africa, just like Jerhonda told you.

You also saw the settlement agreement -- that's in

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evidence as Government Exhibit 928 -- where the defendant agreed to pay Jerhonda 1.5 million dollars in exchange for her silence, a tried and true tactic used by the defendant.

MR. CANNICK: Objection.

THE COURT: Overruled.

MS. GEDDES: He did not want -- the defendant did not want Jerhonda to go to the police, and the payment worked for a long time. She remained silent for years. And that is powerful evidence of the defendant's guilt.

But finally in 2017, Jerhonda had enough and she spoke publicly for the first time about having underage sex with the defendant. And when she did, you saw the steps that the defendant and others working with the defendant took to create a cover story. And these are additional documents that were found at the defendant's storage facility. And these documents, which I will go over in a moment, were found in that locked safe of the storage facility along with some of those letters in plastic document protectors that we've talked about already, and we'll talk about more.

So within that storage facility, there were altered copies of a birth certificate, a state I.D. card, and there was also some type of employment I.D. And if you take a look at it, these were paper copies that were in the safe, not the originals. And if you take a look at it, you will see that each of those copies were altered to reflect an incorrect

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birthday, trying to support that Jerhonda was actually 19 when the defendant met her and not her true age of 16. And you can see that there is a birth certificate which lists Jerhonda's date of birth of April 19, 1990, when, in fact, her true birth certificate is in evidence and shows that she was born that same day, but three years later in 1993. You also see a state I.D., it has the same picture that you saw in that other record that's her actual state I.D. record, but it lists her birthday as April 19, 1990, again three years earlier. And you can tell that this was a very obviously doctored document because if you look at the I.D. number -- and that's a portion of the state I.D. we talked earlier today with respect to Aaliyah about those I.D. numbers -- you can see those middle four digits say 3390. And we've enlarged it a little bit. You can see, and you'll have it in evidence, that it's obviously altered from a different number. And I submit you can see underneath that it used to be 3393, now it says 3390.

And Special Agent Chabot, in his testimony, explained to you what that meant. In Illinois, that, those two digits, those final two digits, the 90, correlates to someone's birth year. So that reflects 1990 rather than 1993. So it should have been 1993, but the defendant and his associates, or his associates, had that altered to make it seem like Jerhonda was older when, in fact, she was just 16.

So once you find that Jerhonda told the defendant

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that she was 16 years old and that they then had sexual contact while she was 16 years old, there's only one additional element that you need to find for this racketeering act, and that's that the defendant use a facility of interstate commerce. That just means he used a cell phone, and the evidence of that is overwhelming.

You know that the defendant used facilities of interstate commerce because you saw the phone records or in evidence are the phone records showing that the defendant called Jerhonda and answered calls from Jerhonda. There is Government Exhibit 149. And this is just a page of Government Exhibit 149, but what this exhibit shows is contact between the defendant's numbers. And you have the number ending in 9300, as well as the number ending in 6569. Both of those numbers were saved in Jerhonda's phone and they're also subscriber records in evidence showing that they belonged to the defendant. 9300 was his personal cell phone. 6569 was saved in Government Exhibit 241 -- I'm sorry, 210, that's the cell phone as a number for the studio, the defendant's studio. And so in this Government Exhibit 149, you see page after page of phone contact between the defendant's numbers and these other numbers that are listed.

Now, Jerhonda did not remember her telephone number from back in 2009, but she told you how she initially used that pink Palm Centro before the defendant took it from her

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and that then she used a Virgin Mobile telephone. And then you saw Government Exhibit 210. This is the Virgin Mobile telephone that Jerhonda identified as her phone and provided to the government. And on Government Exhibit 210, it shows the telephone number. So she didn't remember it, but you can tell from Government Exhibit 210 that this phone number was the phone number listed on Government Exhibit 149 that ends in 2837. And I am just going to refer to the numbers by their last four digits. And so this, Government Exhibit 210, is the one ending in 2837. And also in evidence are two other subscriber records, Government Exhibit 140 and 141, that show that the same ESN, electronic serial number, for the telephone ending in 2837, this one, the one shown in 210, are also in the phone numbers 1136 and 2407.

And FBI Special Agent Steven Flatley told you, and you may know from your own experience, that an ESN is just a phone -- that's just a number that links to a particular device, and so you can have different telephone numbers attached to a device. And that's exactly what Jerhonda had. She had different phone numbers attached to the same device, and so you can tell that those were other phone numbers that she used. And if you look at the records, you'll see that the 2407 number was active for a period of time and then right after that, the 1136 number was active for a period of time and then it goes to the 2837 number.

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Now, on Government Exhibit 149, there are two other phone numbers listed here, one ending in 2117 -- and there's a subscriber record showing that that was a phone number subscribed in Jerhonda's mother's name, so again it makes sense she would be using that -- and then you also see one phone number ending in 5655 and there is not subscriber records for that. But what is -- so this right here, what I'm showing on the screen, is just the subscriber record for that 2117, showing Jerhonda's mother's name listed there.

Then Government Exhibit 160 is a list of the most frequently called numbers by this 5655 number, and Jerhonda talked about several of the numbers listed there. You see a phone number ending in 1900. That's Keyonia Jones' telephone number, the one that she went to the party with. You see a phone number ending in 2407, and that's the phone number for her grandmother. And she testified about that particular phone number. You also see a phone number for Dominique, that one ending in 7366 that is subscribed to Dominique's mother's name and also it's listed in that e-mail where the defendant's people were arranging to pick up Dominique.

And so you can tell, going back to Government Exhibit 149, that the defendant and Jerhonda were in regular communication during the time period, and so there can be no serious dispute that a facility of interstate commerce was used. And so I submit that based on all of that, you know

Summation - Geddes 4364 that that particular racketeering act has been proven because 1 2 the defendant used a telephone to arrange for Jerhonda to come 3 over and you know that he did it for the purpose of sexual 4 activity and that they then engaged in sexual activity for a period of months. 5 I want to turn now to the next racketeering act 6 7 related to Jerhonda, and that's Racketeering Act 7. 8 THE COURT: Ms. Geddes, so this is probably a good 9 time to break because we are at 5:30. So sorry for the 10 interruption. But, ladies and gentlemen, we are going to suspend 11 for the evening. Please do not talk about the case at all. 12 We are in the homestretch and those rules continue to be just 13 14 as important as they have been throughout the trial. Do not 15 follow any news reporting that there might be about this case 16 in whatever form it might be. Do not look anything up on the internet or on social media. But do have a good night and I 17 18 will see you tomorrow morning. 19 THE CLERK: All rise. 20 (Jury exits the courtroom.) 21 THE COURT: Okay. Everybody can sit down. 22 Could I just see the parties at the side without the court reporter for just a minute? We can do it over here. 23 24 (Discussion off the record.) 25 (Continued on the next page.)

4365 (In open court; outside the presence of the jury.) 1 2 THE COURT: All right. I'm just trying to get an 3 idea of the scheduling. What's the story with the 4 stipulations now? 5 MR. CANNICK: I have the line and pages that you want and the case, not the case law but the statute that 6 7 applies. 8 THE COURT: All right. 9 MR. CANNICK: I can either give them to you now or 10 send them to you. 11 THE COURT: I think the government needs to see them 12 too. 13 MR. CANNICK: Okay. 14 THE COURT: So it seems to me to make the most sense to put that up on ECF as soon as possible. 15 16 How many are we talking about again? 17 I mean, I'm repeating myself but I don't know why 18 I'm doing this at this stage of the trial, I really don't, but 19 I am hoping that it will be in a form that enables the 20 government to know what you're talking about. 21 Are you in a position to respond tonight so that I 22 can make a decision? 23 MS. GEDDES: Yes. 24 MR. CANNICK: Your Honor, I think what you asked us 25 for is you asked us to go, that you wanted to make sure that

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4366 1 we gave you the page and line number, the page and line number 2 of each of the proposed stipulations and we've done that. 3 Then you wanted to know the statute that applies to this as 4 being a prior inconsistent statement and we have that as well. 5 So that's what we plan on putting up on ECF. 6 I mean, okay. I mean, again --THE COURT: 7 I can give them now. MR. CANNICK: 8 THE COURT: I'm happy to decide this issue. 9 mind it. I'm happy to stay late deciding it. Well, I'm not 10 happy to stay late, I'm annoyed, but I just want to make sure 11 I have all the tools to do it. 12 So if it's a simple question about, if the simple 13 question is about whether somebody testified they don't 14 remember whether they said something before, that's probably 15 all I need to know. 16 If you want to give a copy of it to Ms. Greene, I'll 17 have a sense of what I'm looking for, but then immediately put 18 it up on ECF so the government can look at it too. 19 Do you have two copies of it? 20 MR. CANNICK: Well, what I did is I just put the 21 line and page under each stipulation that we were proposing. 22 THE COURT: All right. So do you want us to make a 23 copy of it? 24 MR. CANNICK: I can just read it into the record, 25 Your Honor.

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              THE COURT: I'd really rather not.
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              MR. CANNICK: Okay. Then I can write it out.
              THE COURT: I thought you did that already.
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              MR. CANNICK: I wrote it under each question.
              THE COURT: I think the best idea is to just put it
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    up on ECF.
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              Anything else that we have to decide for today?
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              MS. GEDDES: No, Your Honor.
9
              THE COURT: Anything else?
              MR. CANNICK: No. It will be on ECF in ten minutes.
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              THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
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               (Matter adjourned to September 23, 2021 at
14
    9:30 a.m.)
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